

HPCC Systems®

HPCC Configuration Manager

Boca Raton Documentation Team

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Boca Raton Documentation Team

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2013 Version 3.10.8.2

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Using Configuration Manager

Configuration Manager is the utility with which we configure the HPCC platform. The HPCC platform's configuration is stored in an XML file named **environment.xml**. When you install a package, a default single-node environment.xml is generated. After that, you can use the Configuration Manager to modify it and add nodes and configure components.

The Configuration Manager Wizard creates a similar file, but after it is generated, you must rename it and put it into place on each node.

Configuration Manager also offers an **Advanced View** which allows you to add instances of components or change the default settings for components. Even if you plan to use Advanced View, it is a good idea to start with a wizard generated configuration and use Advanced View to finish it.

This document will guide you through configuring an HPCC environment using the Configuration Manager.

Running the Configuration Manager

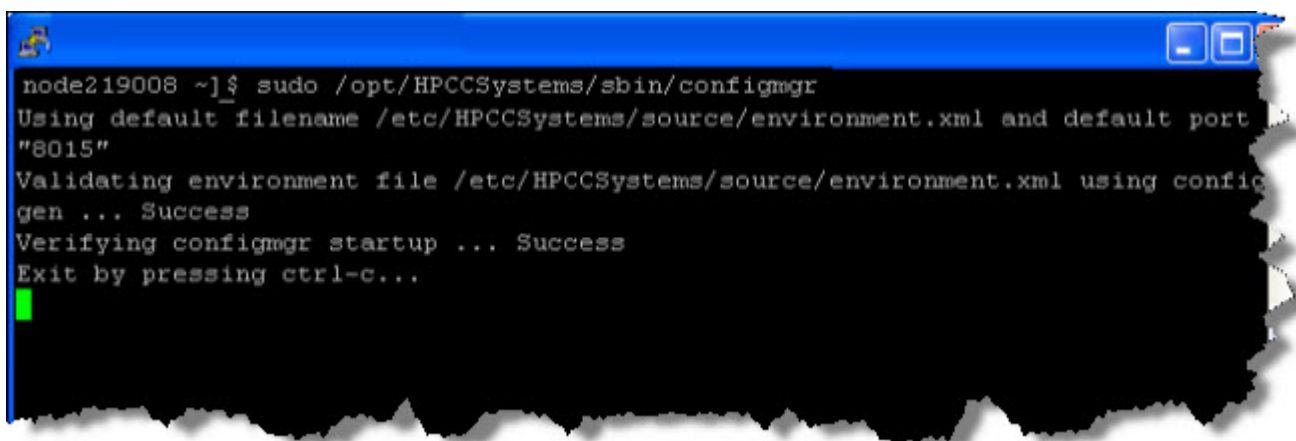
This document will guide you through configuring an HPCC environment using the Configuration Manager.

- The HPCC packages should already be installed on ALL nodes.

You can use any tool or shell script you choose.

- SSH to the first box in your environment and login as a user with sudo privileges.
- Start the Configuration Manager service on one node (usually the first node is considered the head node and is used for this task, but this is up to you).

```
sudo /opt/HPCCSystems/sbin/configmgr
```

A terminal window with a blue title bar and window controls. The terminal text shows the execution of the 'sudo /opt/HPCCSystems/sbin/configmgr' command. The output includes: 'Using default filename /etc/HPCCSystems/source/environment.xml and default port "8015"', 'Validating environment file /etc/HPCCSystems/source/environment.xml using configmgr ... Success', 'Verifying configmgr startup ... Success', and 'Exit by pressing ctrl-c...'. A green cursor is visible on the line following the exit message.

```
node219008 ~]$ sudo /opt/HPCCSystems/sbin/configmgr
Using default filename /etc/HPCCSystems/source/environment.xml and default port
"8015"
Validating environment file /etc/HPCCSystems/source/environment.xml using config
mgr ... Success
Verifying configmgr startup ... Success
Exit by pressing ctrl-c...
```

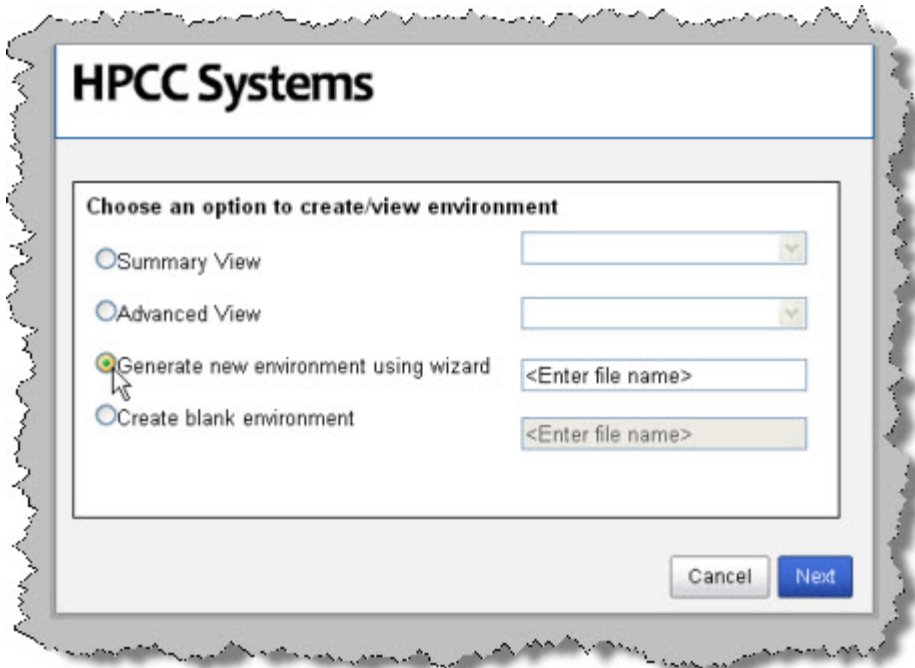
- Using a Web browser, go to the Configuration Manager's interface:

```
http://<ip of installed system>:8015
```

- The Configuration Manager startup wizard displays.

There are a few different ways to configure your HPCC. You can use the Generate environment wizard or experienced users can use the Advanced View.

- To use the wizard select the **Generate new environment using wizard** button.



- Provide a name for the environment file.

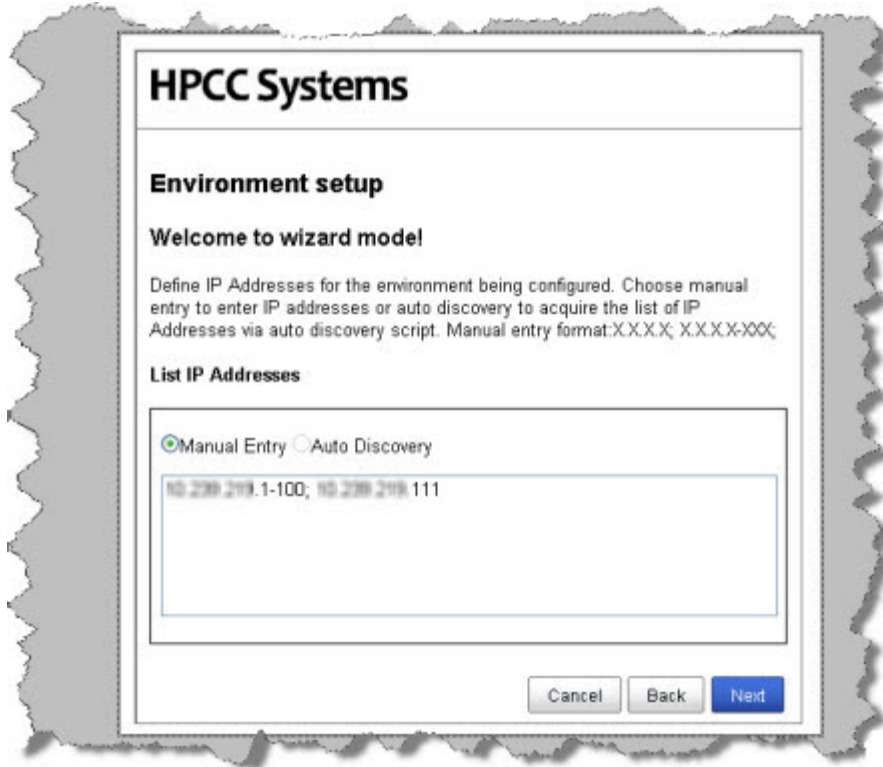
This will then be the name of the configuration xml. For example we will name our environment *NewEnvironment*. This will produce an XML file named *NewEnvironment.xml*.

- Press the Next button.

Next you will need to define the IP addresses that your HPCC will be using.

- Enter the IP addresses.

IP Addresses can be specified individually using semi-colon delimiters. You can also specify a range of IPs using a hyphen (for example, nnn.nnn.nnn.x-y). In the image below, we specified the IP addresses 10.239.219.1 through 10.239.219.100 using the range syntax, and also a single IP 10.239.219.111.



- Press the Next button.

Alternatively, you could find the IP addresses using Auto Discovery by selecting the Auto Discovery button.

Now you will define how many nodes to use for the Roxie and Thor clusters.

- Enter the appropriate values as indicated.

| HPCC Systems | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Environment setup | |
| Enter number of nodes for Roxie and Thor clusters. No Roxie/Thor cluster will be generated for zero (0) number of nodes. | |
| Number of support nodes | <input type="text" value="1"/> |
| Number of nodes for Roxie cluster | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Number of slave nodes for Thor cluster (A master node will be automatically added to the cluster) | <input type="text" value="1"/> |
| Number of Thor slaves per node (default 1) | <input type="text" value="1"/> |
| Enable Roxie on demand | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Cancel Back Next

- | | |
|---|---|
| Number of support nodes: | Specify the number of nodes to use for support components. The default is 1. |
| Number of nodes for Roxie cluster: | Specify the number of nodes to use for your Roxie cluster. Enter zero (0) if you do not want a Roxie cluster. |
| Number of slave nodes for Thor cluster | Specify the number of slave nodes to use in your Thor cluster. A Thor master node will be added automatically. |
| Number of Thor slaves per node (default 1) | Specify the number of Thor slave processes to instantiate on each slave node. Enter zero (0) if you do not want a Thor cluster. |
| Enable Roxie on demand | Specify whether or not to allow queries to be run immediately on Roxie. This must be enabled to run the debugger. (Default is true) |

- Press the **Next** button

HPCC Configuration Manager Using Configuration Manager

The wizard displays the configuration parameters.


- Press the **Finish** button to accept these values or press the **Advanced View** button to edit in advanced mode.



You will now be notified that you have completed the wizard.



At this point, you have created a file named NewEnvironment.xml in the `/etc/HPCCSystems/source` directory

| | |
|---|--|
|  | <p>Keep in mind, that your HPCC configuration may be different depending on your needs. For example, you may not need a Roxie or you may need several smaller Roxie clusters. In addition, in a production [Thor] system, you would ensure that Thor and Roxie nodes are dedicated and have no other processes running on them. This document is intended to show you how to use the configuration tools. Capacity planning and system design is covered in a training module.</p> |
|---|--|

- Stop the HPCC



Be sure HPCC is stopped before attempting to move the environment.xml file.

- Back up the original environment.xml file

```
# for example
sudo -u hpcc cp /etc/HPCCSystems/environment.xml /etc/HPCCSystems/environment.bak
```

Note: the "live environment.xml file is located in your **/etc/HPCCSystems/** directory. ConfigManager works on files in **/etc/HPCCSystems/source** directory. You must copy from this location to make an environment.xml file active.

- Copy the new .xml file from the source directory to the /etc/HPCCSystems and rename the file to *environment.xml*

```
# for example
sudo -u hpcc cp /etc/HPCCSystems/source/NewEnvironment.xml /etc/HPCCSystems/environment.xml
```

- Copy the **/etc/HPCCSystems/environment.xml** to the **/etc/HPCCSystems/** on *every* node.

You may want to use a script to push out XML file to all nodes. See the Example Scripts section in the Appendix of the *Installing_and_RunningtheHPCCPlatform* document. You can use the scripts as a model to create your own script to copy the environment.xml file out to all your nodes.

- Restart the HPCC platform.

Configuration Manager Advanced View

For the advanced user, the Advanced View offers access to adding additional instances of components or making configuration settings for individual components.

Using ConfigMgr in Advanced Mode

This section shows some of the configuration options in Advanced Mode.

- SSH to the first box in your environment and login as a user with sudo privileges.
- If it is running, stop the HPCC system, using this command:

```
sudo /sbin/service hpcc-init stop
```



You can use this command to confirm HPCC processes are stopped:

```
sudo /sbin/service hpcc-init status
```

- Start the Configuration Manager service on one node (usually the first node is considered the head node and is used for this task, but this is up to you).

```
sudo configmgr
```

```
node219008 ~]$_ sudo /opt/HPCCSystems/sbin/configmgr
Using default filename /etc/HPCCSystems/source/environment.xml and default port
"8015"
Validating environment file /etc/HPCCSystems/source/environment.xml using config
mgr gen ... Success
Verifying configmgr startup ... Success
Exit by pressing ctrl-c...
```

- Using a Web browser, go to the Configuration Manager's interface:

```
http://<ip of installed system>:8015
```

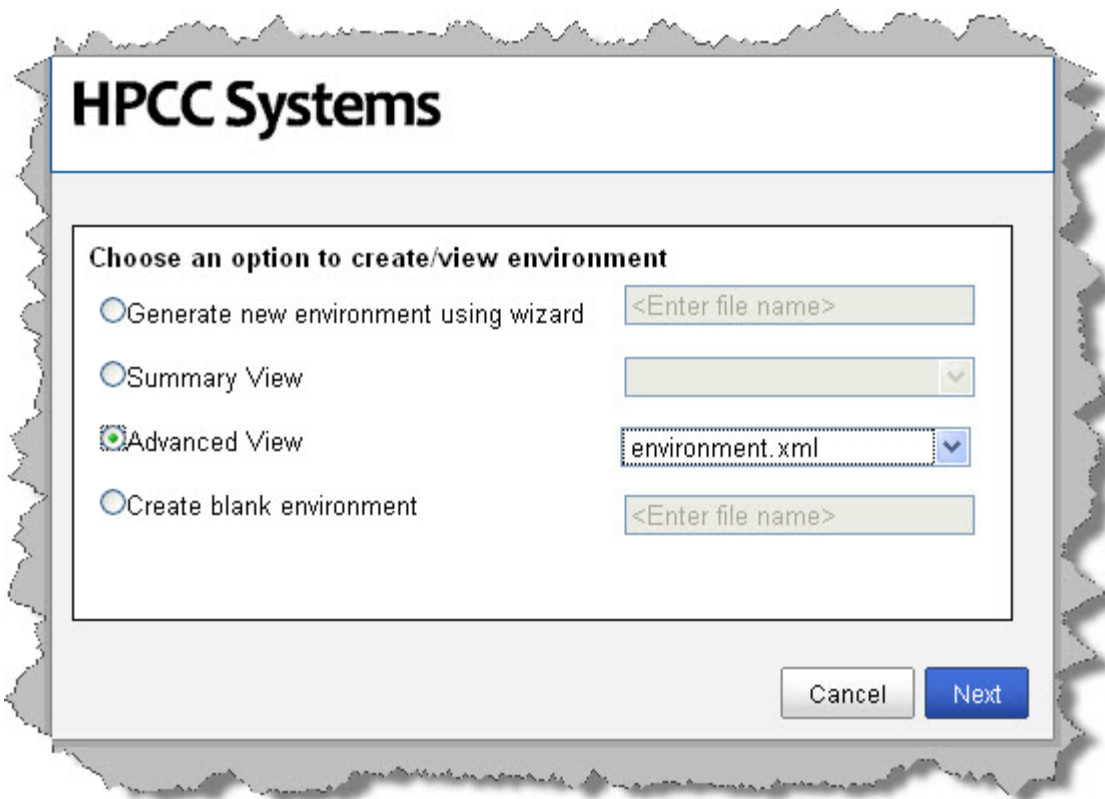
- The Configuration Manager startup wizard displays.

There are a few different ways to configure your system. You can use the Generate environment wizard or experienced users can use the Advanced set up.

- Select **Advanced View**, then press the **Next** button.
- Select an XML file from the drop list.

This list is populated from versions of an environment XML file in your server's `/etc/HPCCSystems/source/` directory.

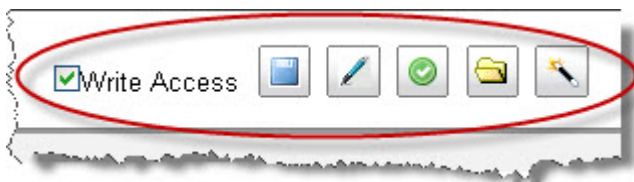
- Press the **Next** button.





- The Configuration Manager interface displays.


| | |
|--|---|
| | <p>Default access is read-only. Many options are only available when write-access is enabled.</p> <p>Gain write access by checking the Write Access checkbox.</p> <p>Unchecking this box returns the environment to read-only mode. All menu items are disabled in read-only mode.</p> <p>Closing the web page automatically removes any write-access locks.</p> |
|--|---|


- Check the **Write Access** box.




The **Save** button  validates and saves the environment.

The **Save Environment As** button  validates and lets you specify the environment filename to save.

The **Validate Environment** button  just validates the current environment including any changes that have not yet been saved.

The **Open Environment** button  allows you to open a new environment file to work on.

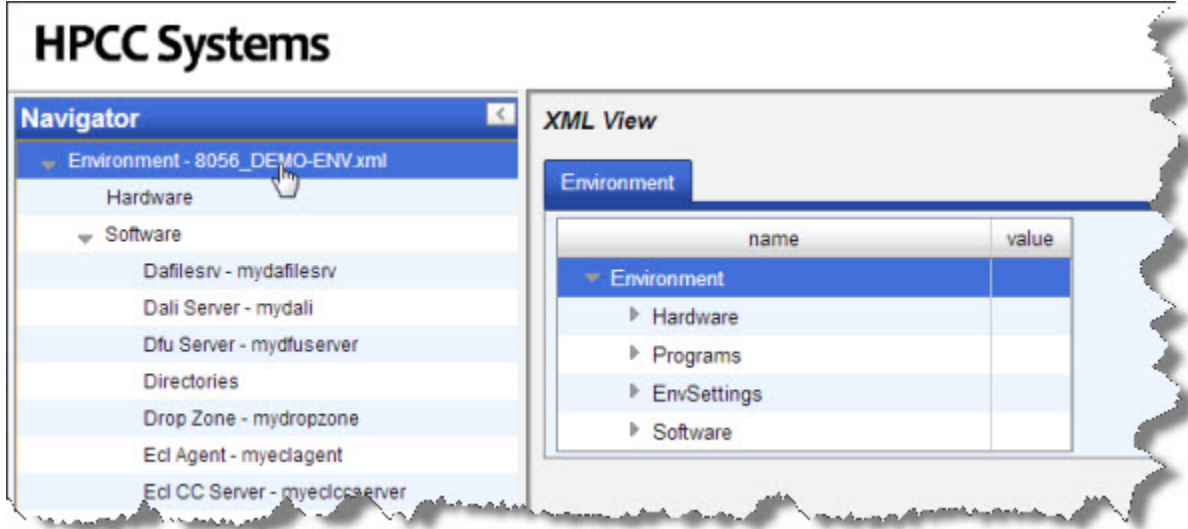
The **Wizard** button  will bring up the Configuration Manager chooser form which will allow you to create or view an environment file where you can also launch the configuration wizard.

These buttons are only enabled in Write Access mode.

XML View

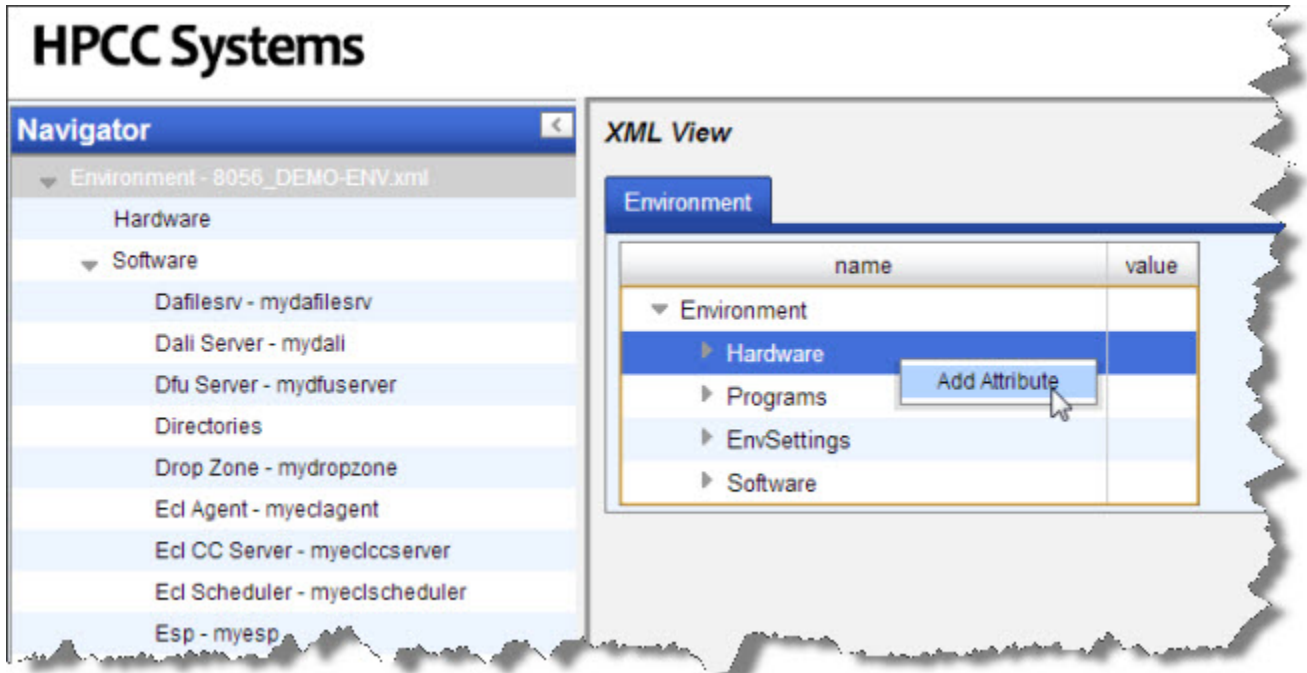
In the advanced view of Configuration Manager, you can optionally choose to work with the XML View.

To see the the configuration in XML View, click on the Environment heading in the Navigator panel on the left side.



You can access all attributes through the XML view.

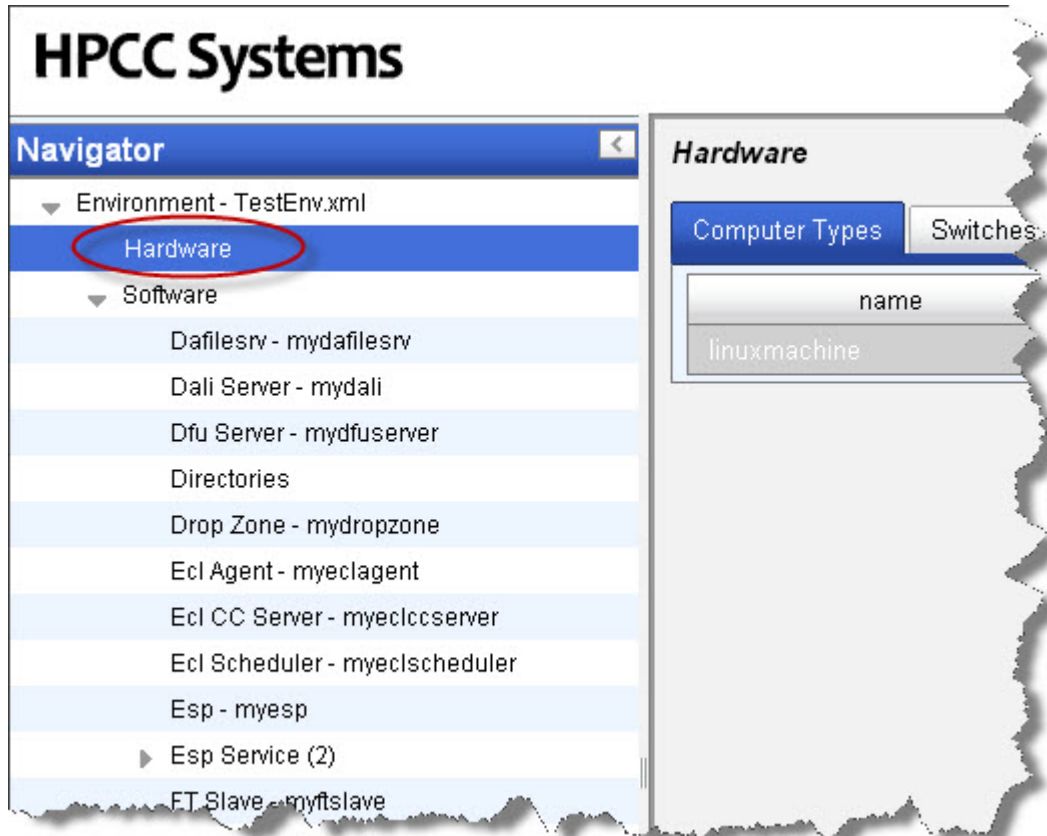
If you wish to add an attribute that does not exist, RT-CLICK on one of the components then you can choose to add an attribute.



Hardware Section

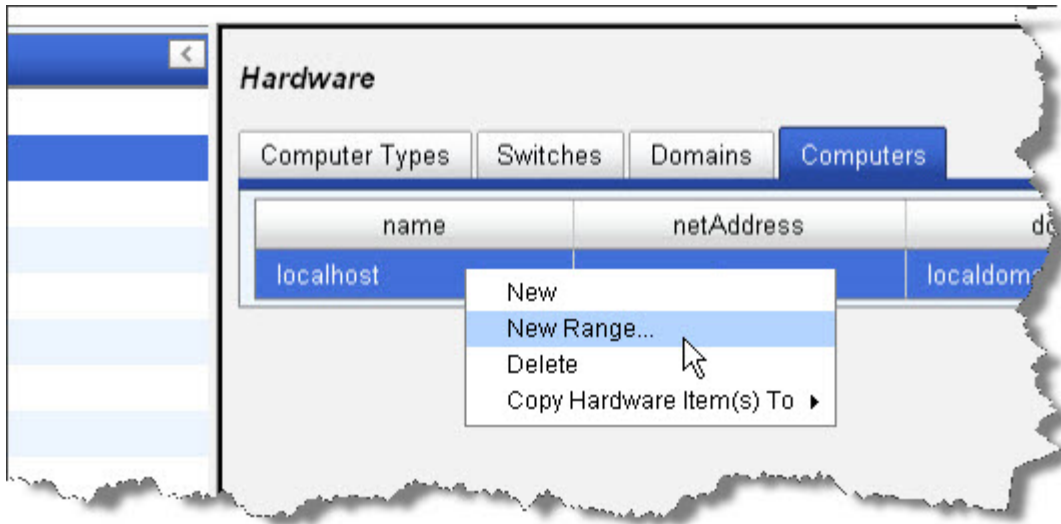
This section allows you to define your list of servers. When defining instances of components, you will choose from servers in this list.

- Select **Hardware** in the Navigator panel on the left side.



- Select the **Computers** tab.

- RT-CLICK on one of computers listed, then select New Range.

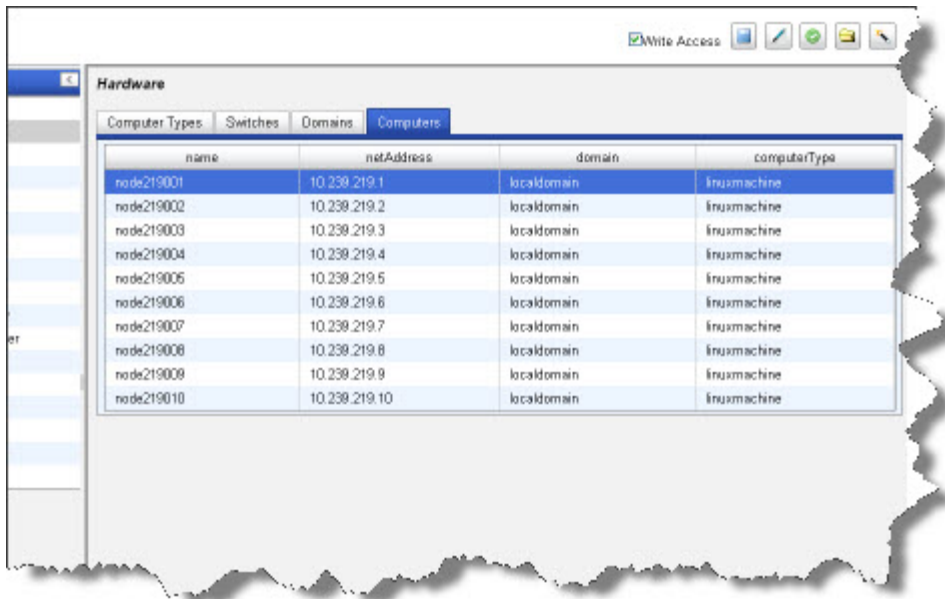


- Specify the following:
 - Name Prefix - any name that will help you to identify the node or range
 - Start IP Address
 - Stop IP Address



The IP Addresses can be specified in a range if all your host IP addresses are consecutively numbered. If the IP addresses are not sequential you should repeat the process for each individual IP address and just add the IP address in both the start and stop IP address field. You will then need to repeat the process for each node.

- Press the **OK** button.

The list of nodes now displays with the nodes that you just added.



Next, edit each System Server component instance and set it to a newly defined node.

- Click the  disk icon to save
- Expand the **Software** section, if necessary, in the Navigator panel on the left side, by clicking on the  button.

Software Section

Use the software components section to configure software components of the HPCC platform. Most software components are actual running processes; however, some are just definitions used by the system. These definitions are used by the configuration generator.

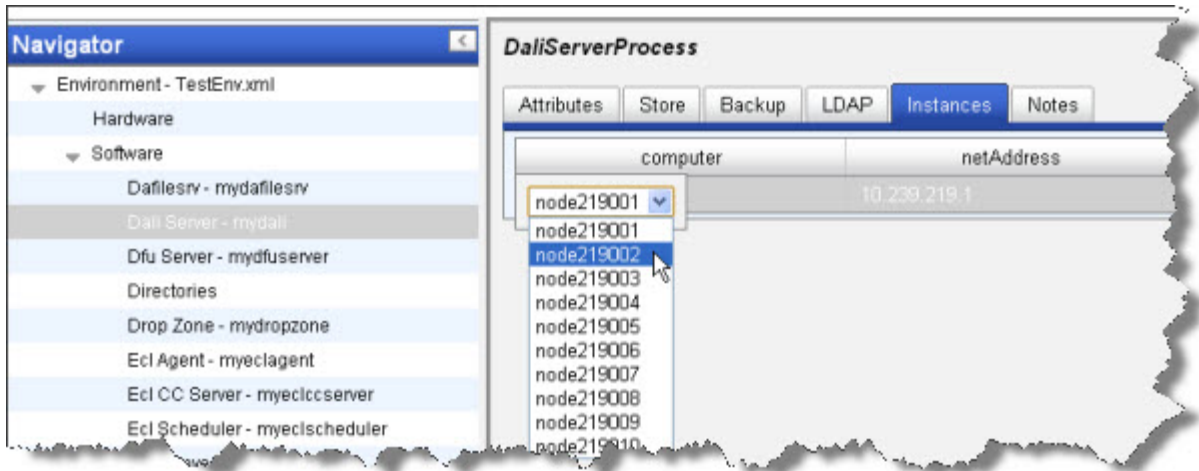
Items that appear in red indicate optional values. They are only written to the environment if you add to or change that value. If untouched, they will not appear in the environment XML file.

Dali

Instances

- Select **Dali Server** in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the Instances tab.

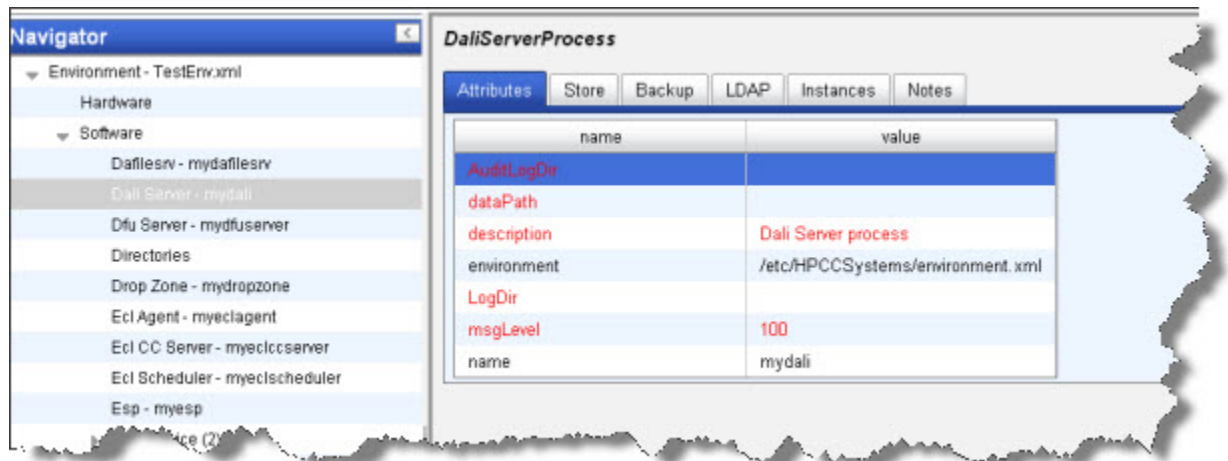
- In the computer column, choose a node from the drop list as shown below:



- Click the  disk icon to save

DaliServer attributes

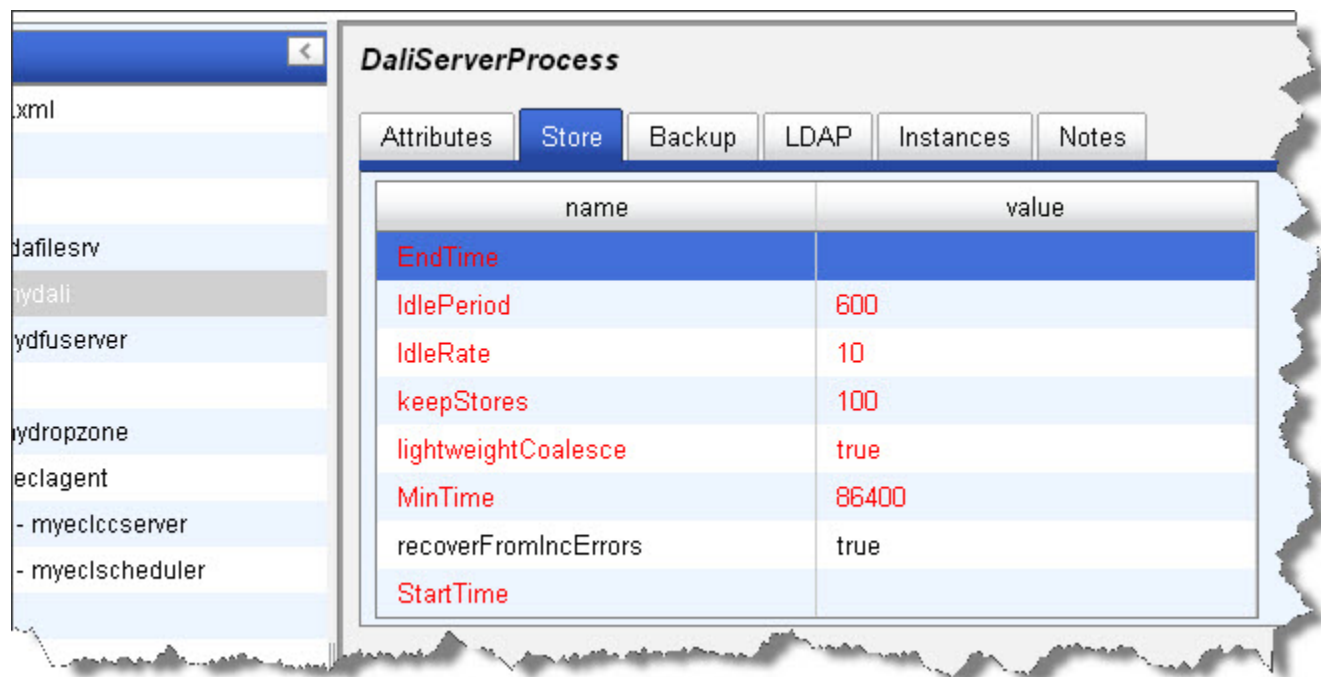
This section describes the DaliServer attributes.



| Attribute | Definition |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>AuditLogDir</i> | Audit Log Process description |
| <i>dataPath</i> | the path to the data |
| <i>description</i> | data path description |
| <i>environment</i> | the current environment file in use |
| <i>LogDir</i> | location of the log files |
| <i>msgLevel</i> | description of the msgLevel |
| <i>name</i> | Name of the process instance (AlphaNumeric and underscore only) |

DaliServer store

This section describes the attributes configuring how Dali handles the system data store.



| Attribute name | Definition |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| <i>EndTime</i> | End Time |
| <i>IdlePeriod</i> | Period to remain Idle |
| <i>IdleRate</i> | IdleRate |
| <i>keepStores</i> | |
| <i>lightweightCoalesce</i> | lightweight |
| <i>MinTime</i> | min. time... |
| <i>recoverDeltaErrors</i> | True or False |
| <i>StartTime</i> | start time |

DaliServer LDAP options

This section describes the DaliServer LDAP tab.

Items

The screenshot shows the HPCC Configuration Manager interface. On the left is a navigation pane with a tree view containing items like 'gen114.xml', 'mydfilesrv', 'mydali', 'mydfuserver', 'mydropzone', 'myeclagent', 'myeclccserver', 'myeclscheduler', and 'sp'. The main area is titled 'DaliServerProcess' and has several tabs: 'Attributes', 'Store', 'Backup', 'LDAP' (selected), 'Instances', and 'Notes'. The 'LDAP' tab displays a table with two columns: 'name' and 'value'.

| name | value |
|----------------------|----------|
| authMethod | kerberos |
| checkScopeScans | true |
| filesDefaultPassword | |
| filesDefaultUser | |
| ldapProtocol | ldap |
| ldapServer | |

| Attribute name | Definition |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>authMethod</i> | Authentication Method. Kerberos |
| <i>checkScopeScans</i> | True or False |
| <i>filesDefaultPassword</i> | Default Password |
| <i>filesDefaultUser</i> | Default User |
| <i>ldapProtocol</i> | Default Protocol use |
| <i>ldapServer</i> | LDAP Server |

DaliServer Notes

This tab allows you to add any notes pertinent to the component's configuration. This can be useful to keep a record of changes and to communicate this information to peers.

Dafilesrv Process

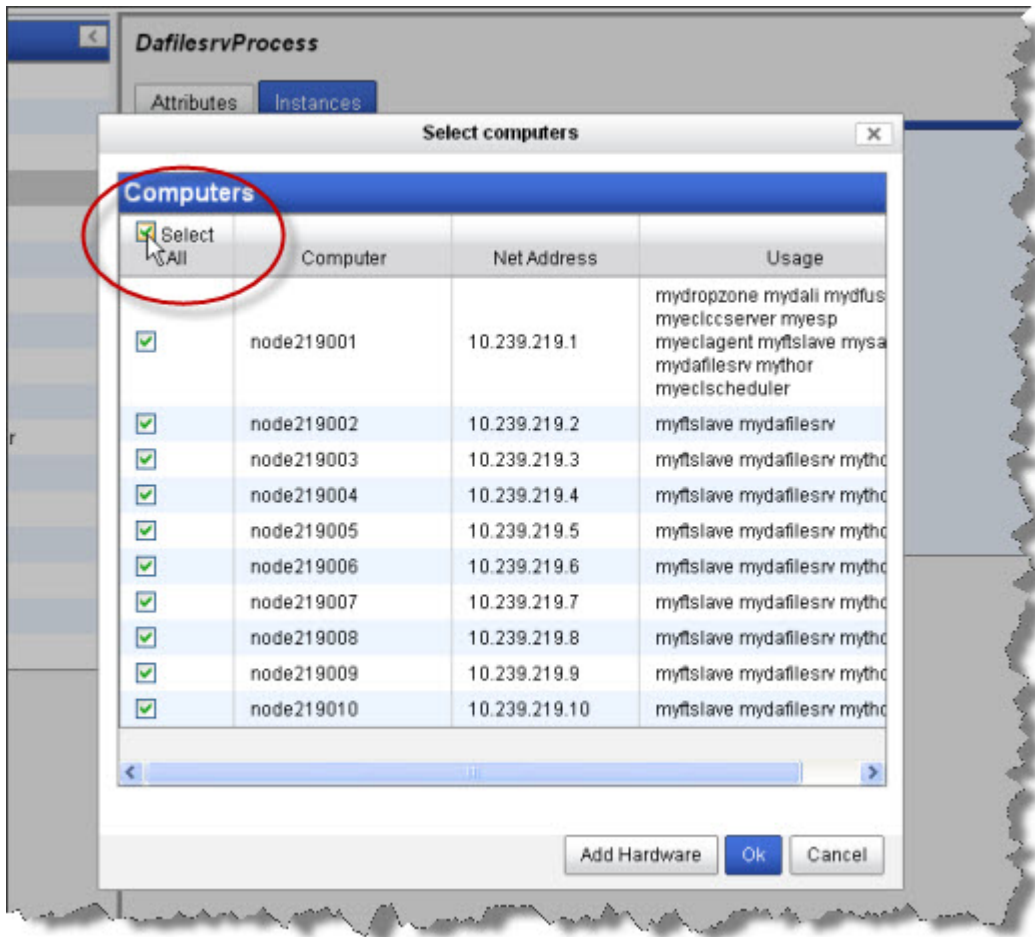
Dafilesrv Instances

Dafilesrv is a helper process that every node needs.

- Select Dafilesrv in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the Instances tab.
- RT-CLICK on a computer in the computer column, and select Add Instance .

HPCC Configuration Manager
Configuration Manager Advanced View

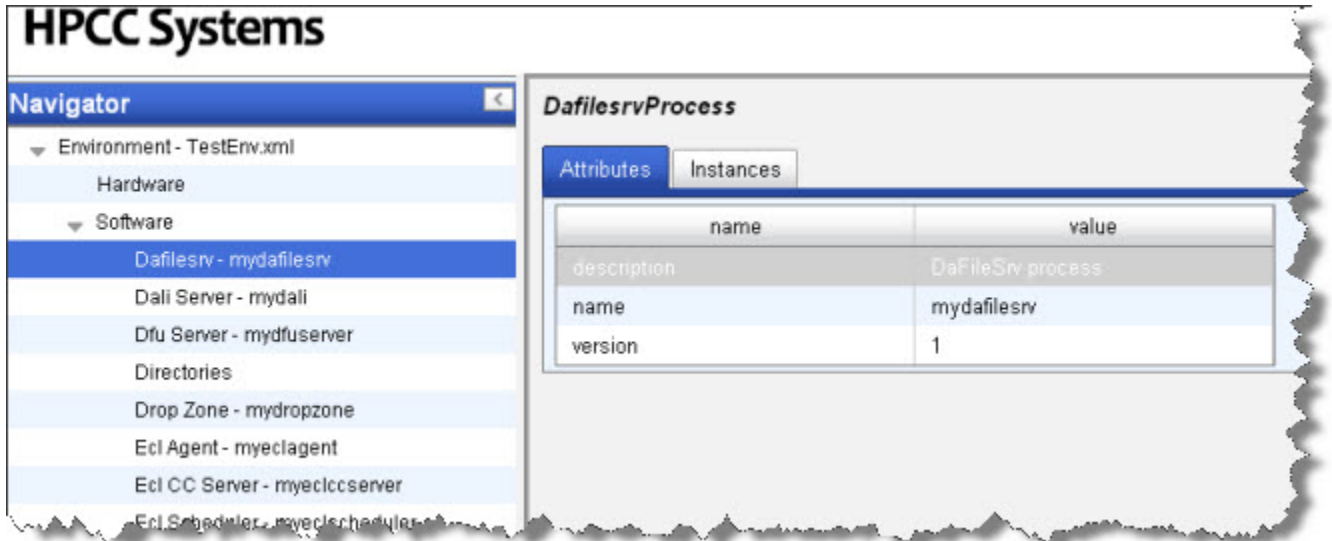
- Select all computers in the list by checking the **Select All** box, then press the **OK** button.



- Click the  disk icon to save

Dafilesrv attributes

This section describes the Dafilesrv attributes.

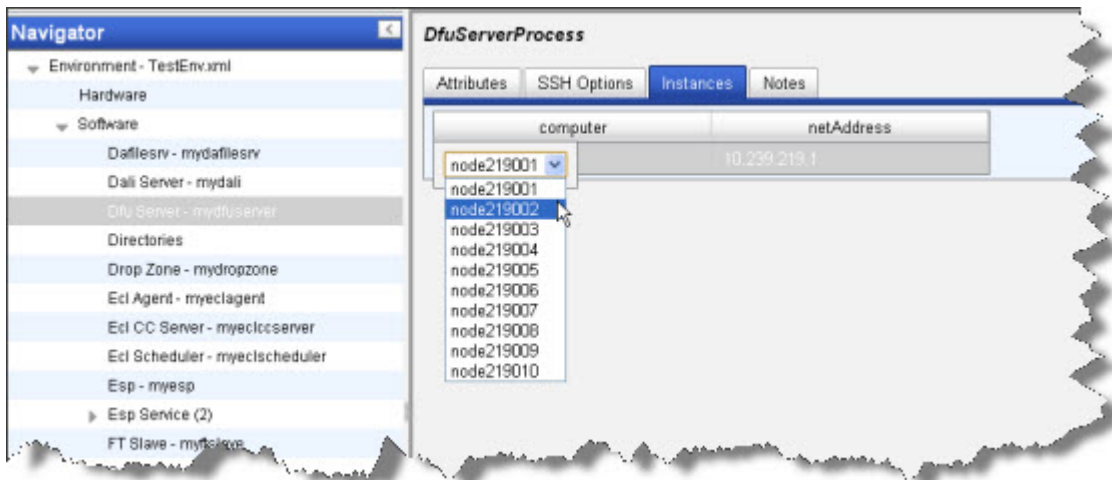


| Attribute | Definition |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>description</i> | DaFileSrv Process description |
| <i>name</i> | Name of the process instance (AlphaNumeric and underscore only) |
| <i>version</i> | current version number |

DFU Server

DfuServer Instances

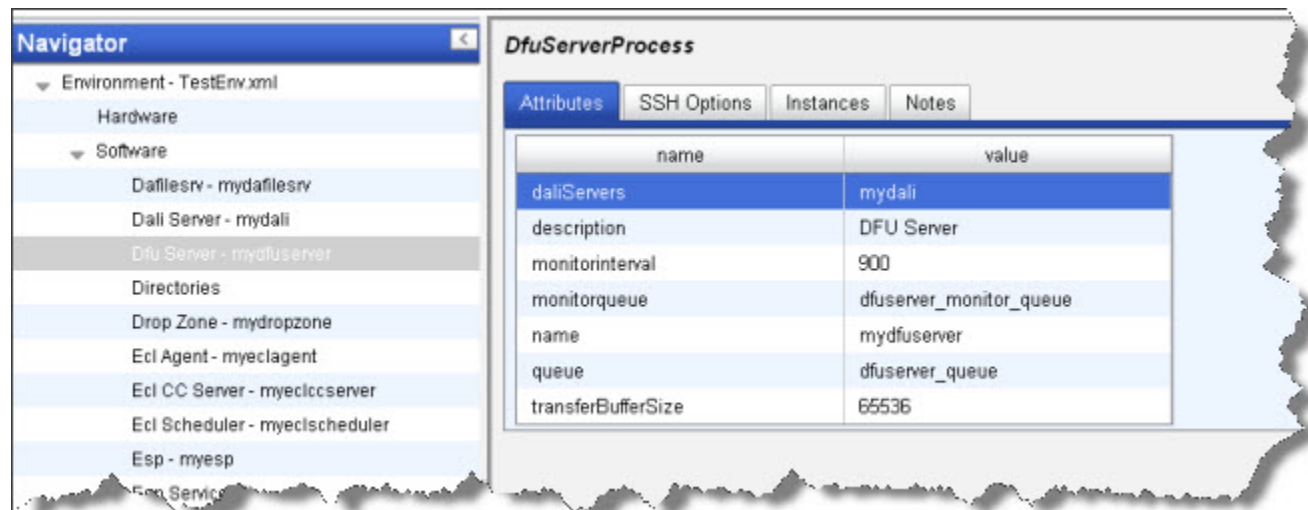
- Select **DFU Server** in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the Instances tab.
- In the computer column, choose a node from the drop list as shown below:



- Click the  disk icon to save

DfuServer Attributes Tab

This section describes the DfuServer attributes.

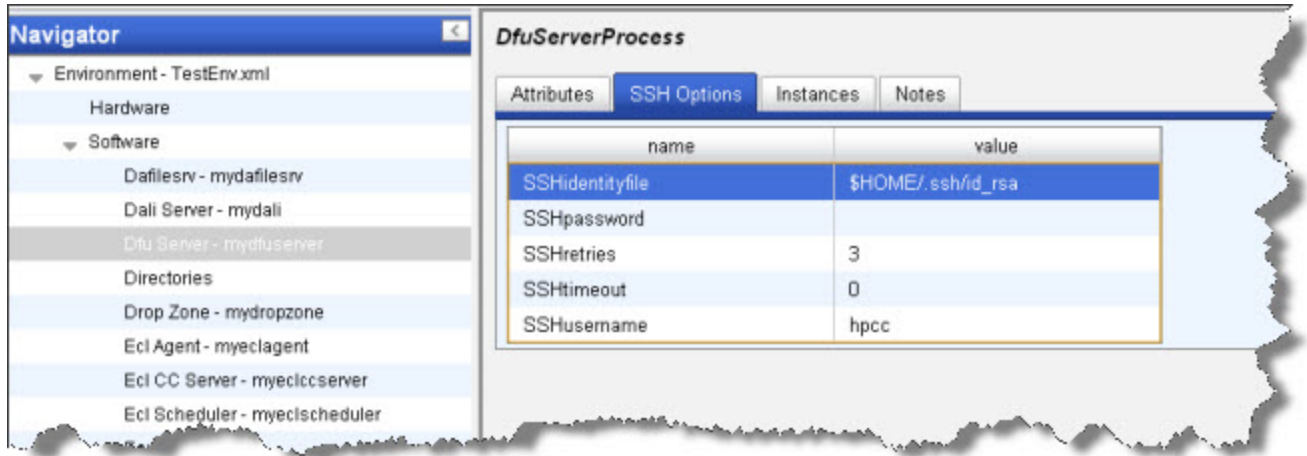


| Attribute name | Definition |
|---------------------------|---|
| <i>daliServers</i> | The Dali servers to use |
| <i>description</i> | Describes the component |
| <i>dfuLogDir</i> | The log directory |
| <i>monitorinterval</i> | Specifies the polling interval for DFU monitoring (in seconds). Default is 900 (15 minutes) |
| <i>monitorqueue</i> | the queue to monitor |
| <i>name</i> | Name of the process instance (AlphaNumeric and underscore only) |
| <i>queue</i> | the name of the dfu server queue |
| <i>transferBufferSize</i> | The value at which... |

DfuServer SSH Options

This section describes the DfuServer SSH Options..

HPCC Configuration Manager Configuration Manager Advanced View



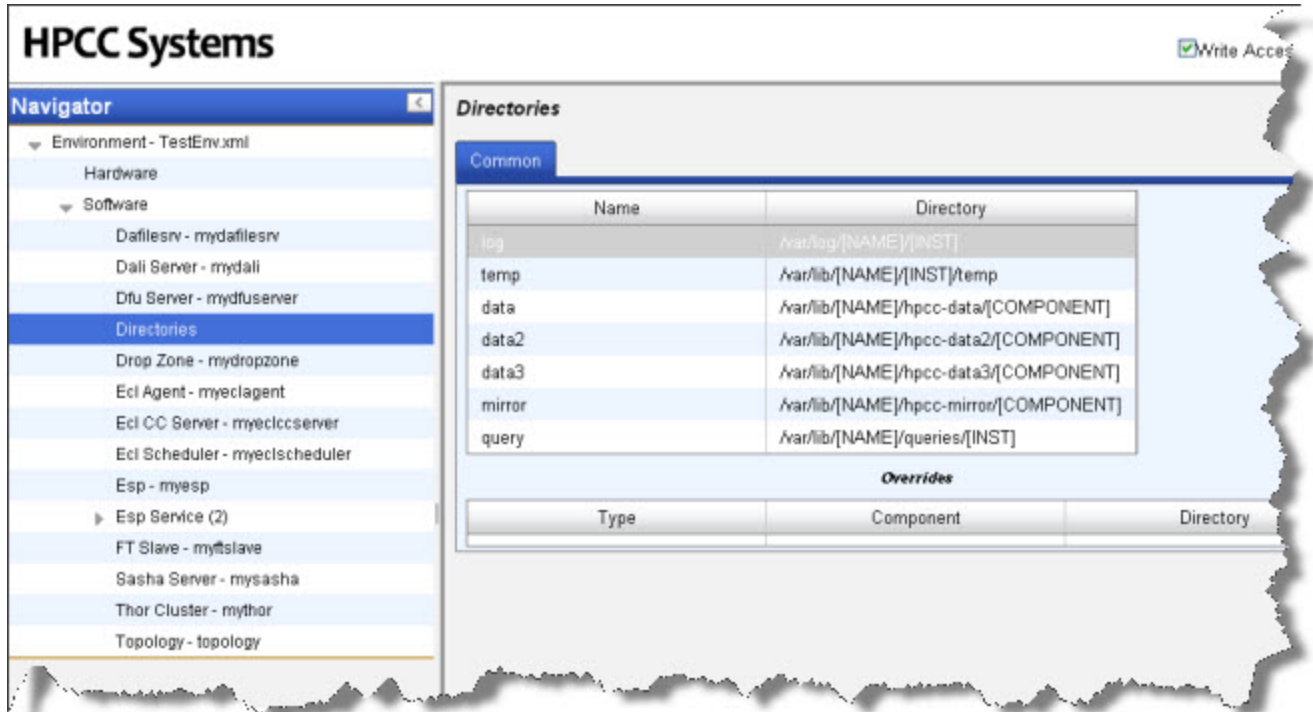
| Attribute name | Definition |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <i>SSHidentityfile</i> | The SSH file used for authentication |
| <i>SSHpassword</i> | the SSH Password |
| <i>SSHretries</i> | no. of retries to authenticate |
| <i>SSHtimeout</i> | the timeout interval |
| <i>SSHusername</i> | SSH username default is <i>hpcc</i> |

DfuServer Notes

This tab allows you to add any notes pertinent to the component's configuration. This can be useful to keep a record of changes and to communicate this information to peers.

Directories

The Directories component is a global definition used by other components to determine the directories they will use for various functions.

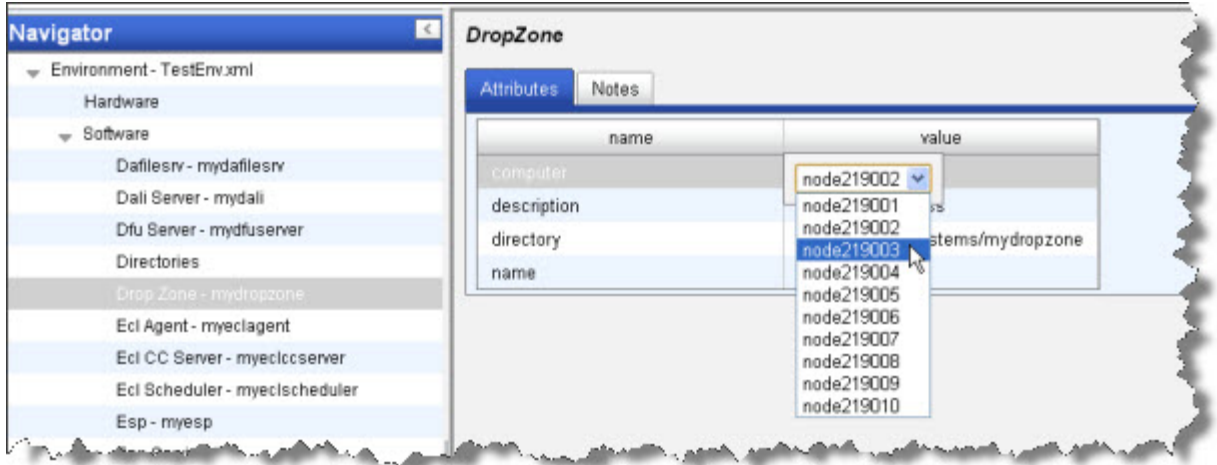


| Name | Directory | Description |
|---------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| log | /var/log/[NAME]/[INST] | Location for Log files |
| temp | /var/lib/[NAME]/[INST]/temp | Location for temp files |
| data | | Base Location for data files |
| data2 | | |
| data3 | | |
| mirror | | Base Location for mirror data files |
| query | | Base Location for Queries |

Drop Zone

DropZone Attributes

- Select Drop Zone in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the Attributes tab.
- In the Value column of the Computer row, choose a node from the drop list as shown below:



-  Click the disk icon to save

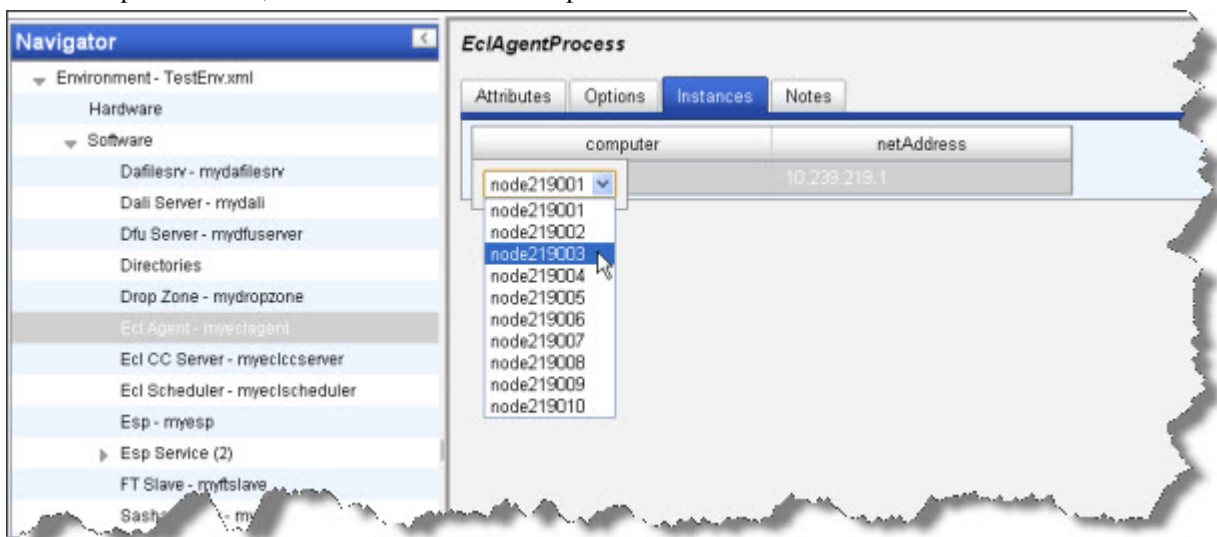
DropZone Notes

This tab allows you to add any notes pertinent to the component's configuration. This can be useful to keep a record of changes and to communicate this information to peers.

ECL Agent

instances

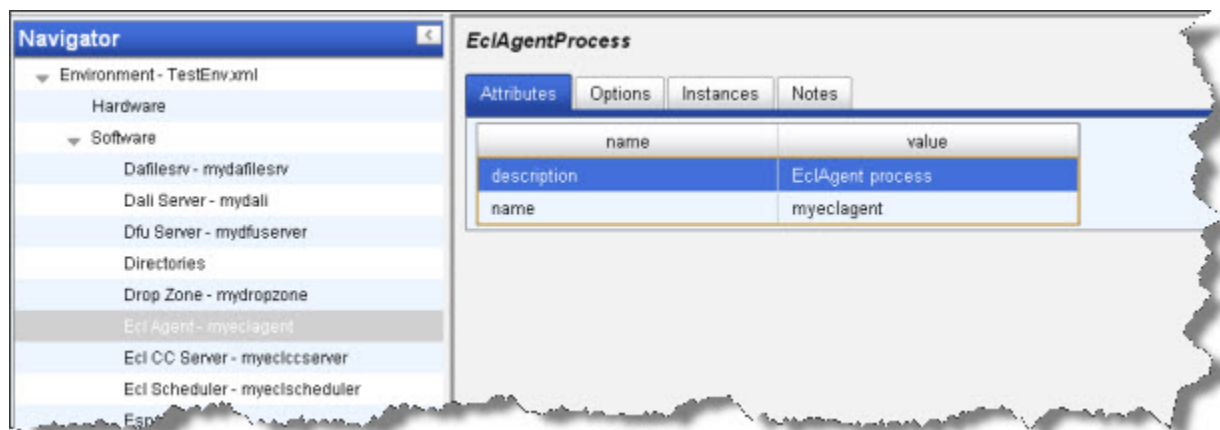
- Select ECL Agent in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the Instances tab.
- In the computer column, choose a node from the drop list as shown below:



- Click the  disk icon to save

EclAgent Attributes Tab

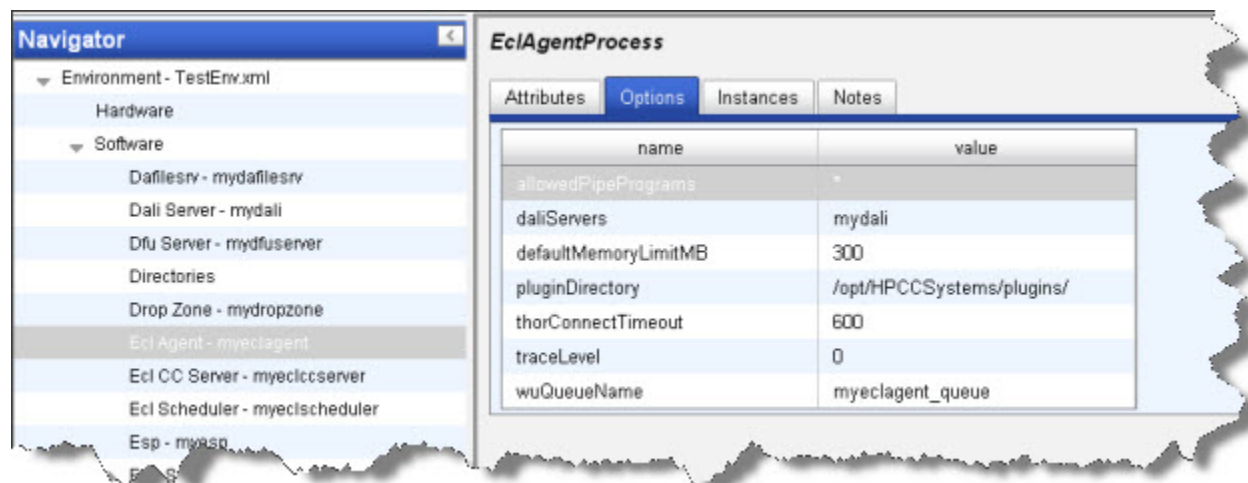
This section describes the EclAgent Attributes tab.



| Attribute name | Definition |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>description</i> | Describes the component |
| <i>name</i> | Name of the process instance (AlphaNumeric and underscore only) |

EclAgent Options Tab

This section describes the EclAgent Options tab.



| Attribute name | Definition |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>allowedPipePrograms</i> | describes allowed Pipe Programs |
| <i>daliServers</i> | the Dali Servers |
| <i>pluginDirectory</i> | the plugin directory |
| <i>thorConnectTimeout</i> | the Thor timeout value |
| <i>traceLevel</i> | the trace level |
| <i>wuQueueName</i> | the name of the workunit queue |

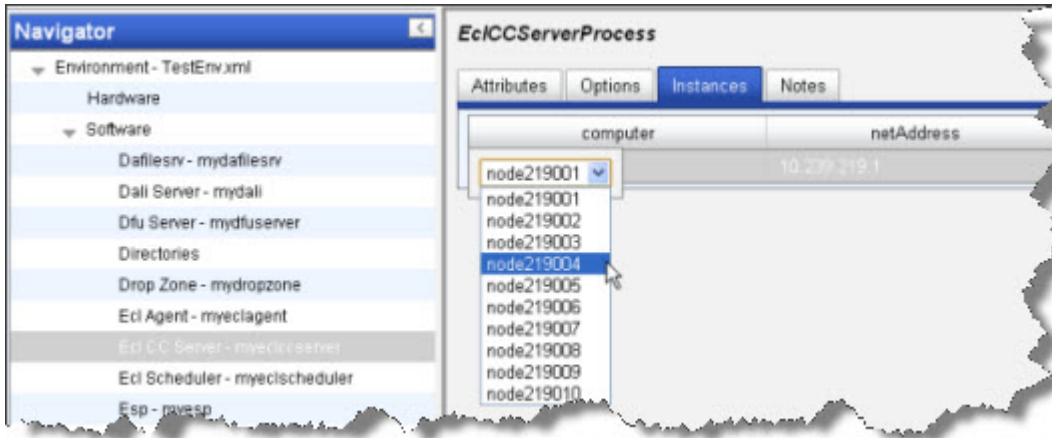
EclAgentProcessNotes

This tab allows you to add any notes pertinent to the component's configuration. This can be useful to keep a record of changes and to communicate this information to peers.

ECL CC Server Process

Ecl CC Server Instances

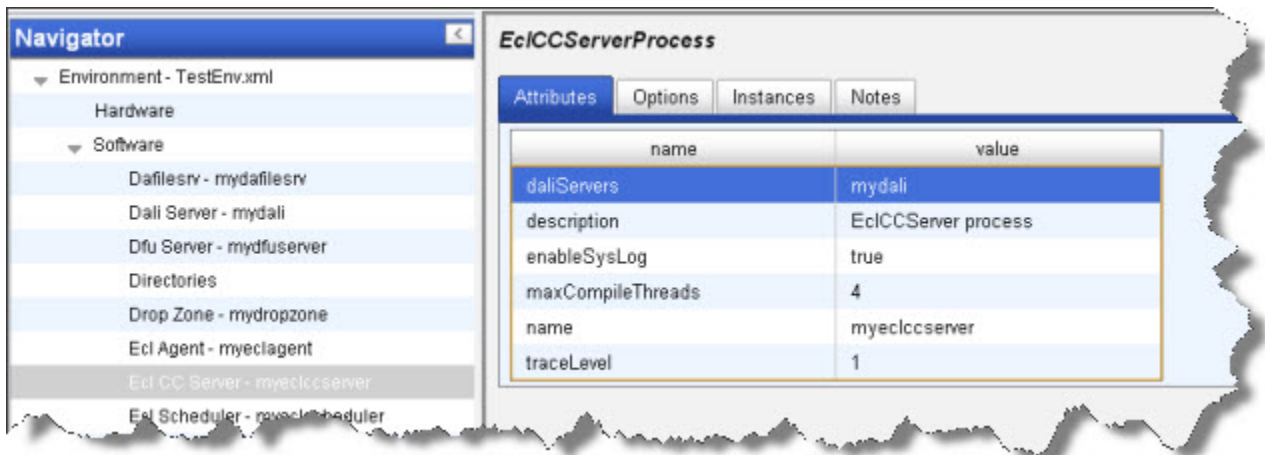
- Select Ecl CC Server - myeclccserver in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the Instances tab.
- In the computer column, choose a node from the drop list as shown below:



-  Click the disk icon to save

Ecl CC Server Attributes Tab

This section describes the Ecl CC Server Attributes tab.



| Attribute name | Definition |
|--------------------------|---|
| <i>daliServers</i> | The Dali servers to use |
| <i>description</i> | Describes the component |
| <i>maxEclccProcesses</i> | The maximum number of eclcc processes that will be launched in parallel |
| <i>name</i> | Name of the process instance (AlphaNumeric and underscore only) |

queue Name of the Ecl cc server queue
traceLevel The value ***

EclCC Server Process Options

To add a custom option, rt-click and select add.

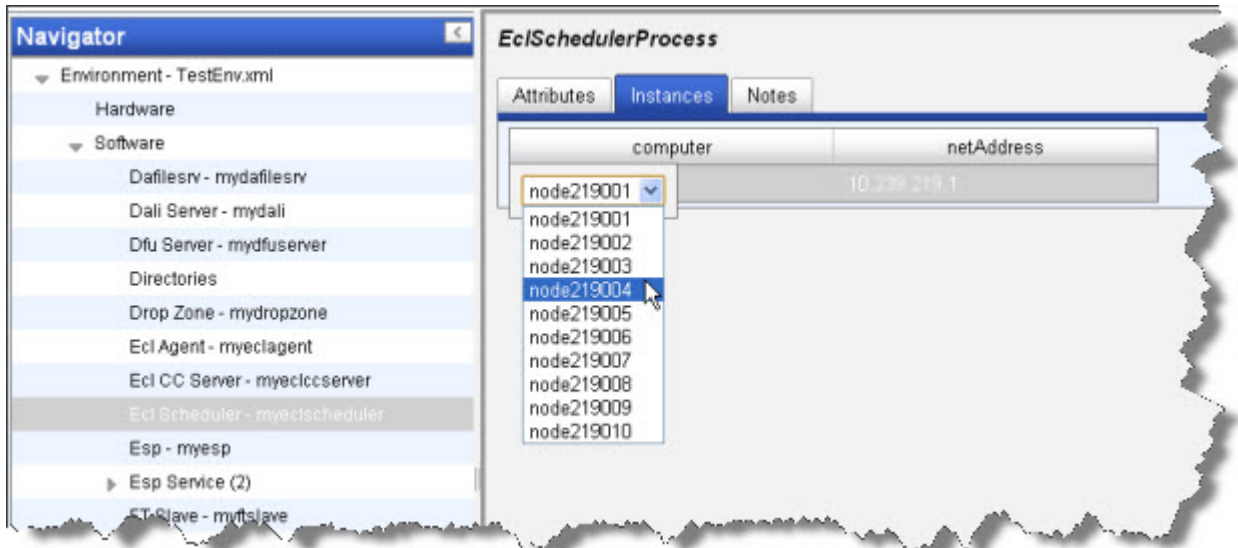
EclCC Server Process Notes

This tab allows you to add any notes pertinent to the component's configuration. This can be useful to keep a record of changes and to communicate this information to peers.

ECL Scheduler

instances

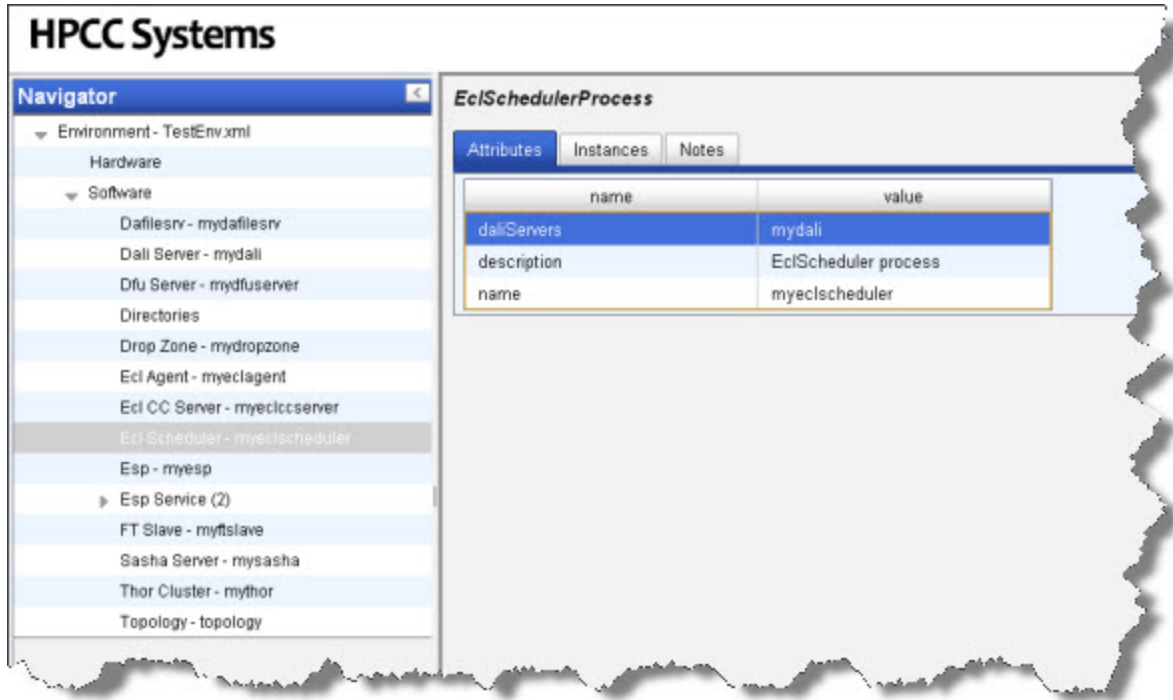
- Select **ECL Scheduler** in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the Instances tab.
- In the computer column, choose a node from the drop list as shown below:



- Click the  disk icon to save

EclScheduler Attributes Tab

This section describes the EclScheduler Attributes tab.



| Attribute name | Definition |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>description</i> | Describes the component |
| <i>name</i> | Name of the process instance (AlphaNumeric and underscore only) |

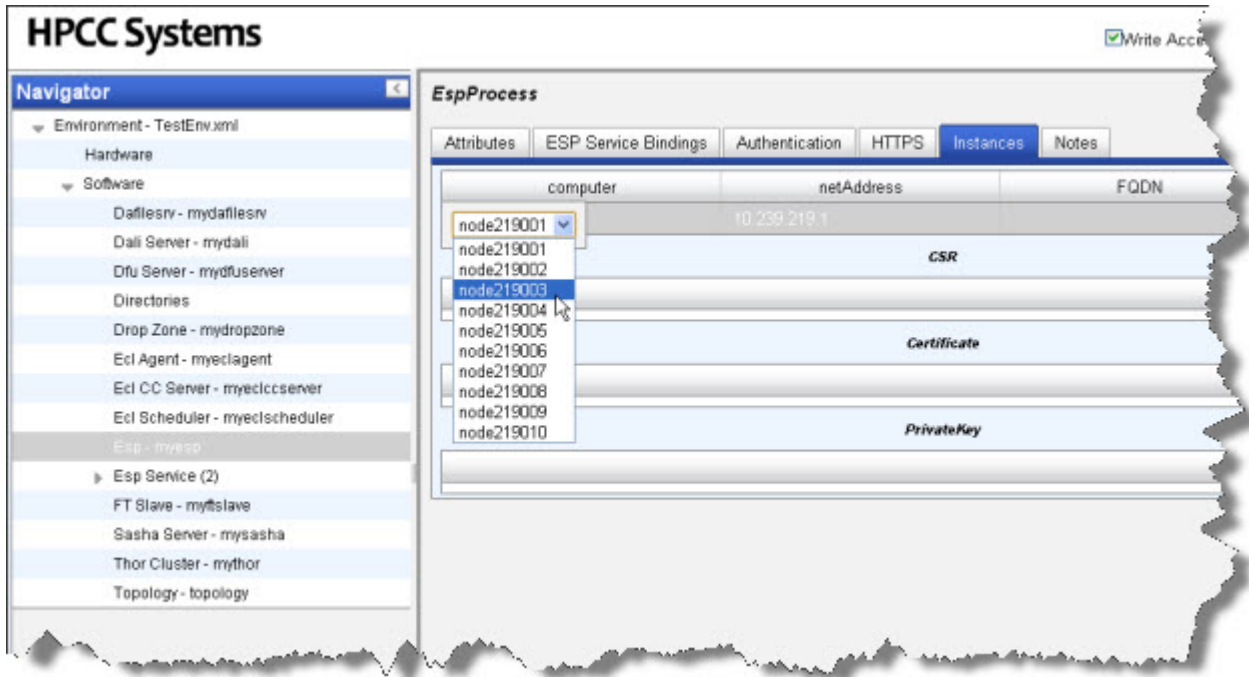
EclScheduler Notes

This tab allows you to add any notes pertinent to the component's configuration. This can be useful to keep a record of changes and to communicate this information to peers.

ESP Server

Esp Process Instances

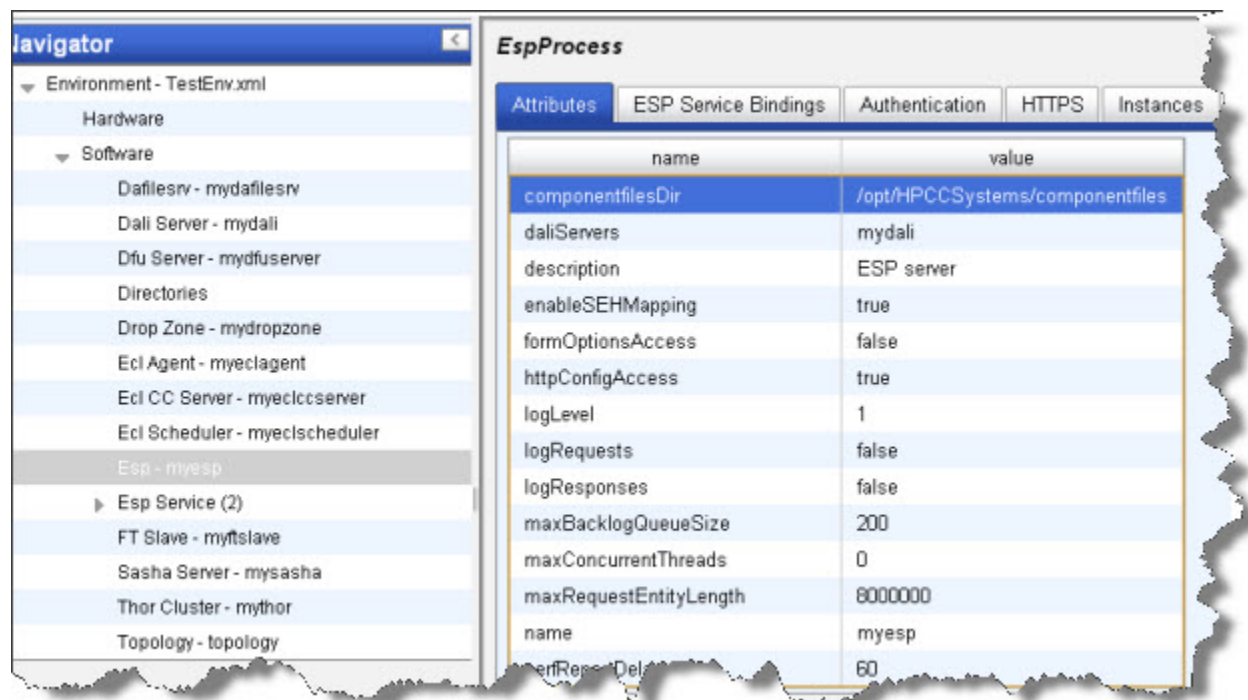
- Select ESP - MyEsp in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the Instances tab.
- In the computer column, choose a node from the drop list as shown below:



- Click the  disk icon to save

Esp - myesp Attributes Tab

This section describes the Esp - myesp Attributes tab.

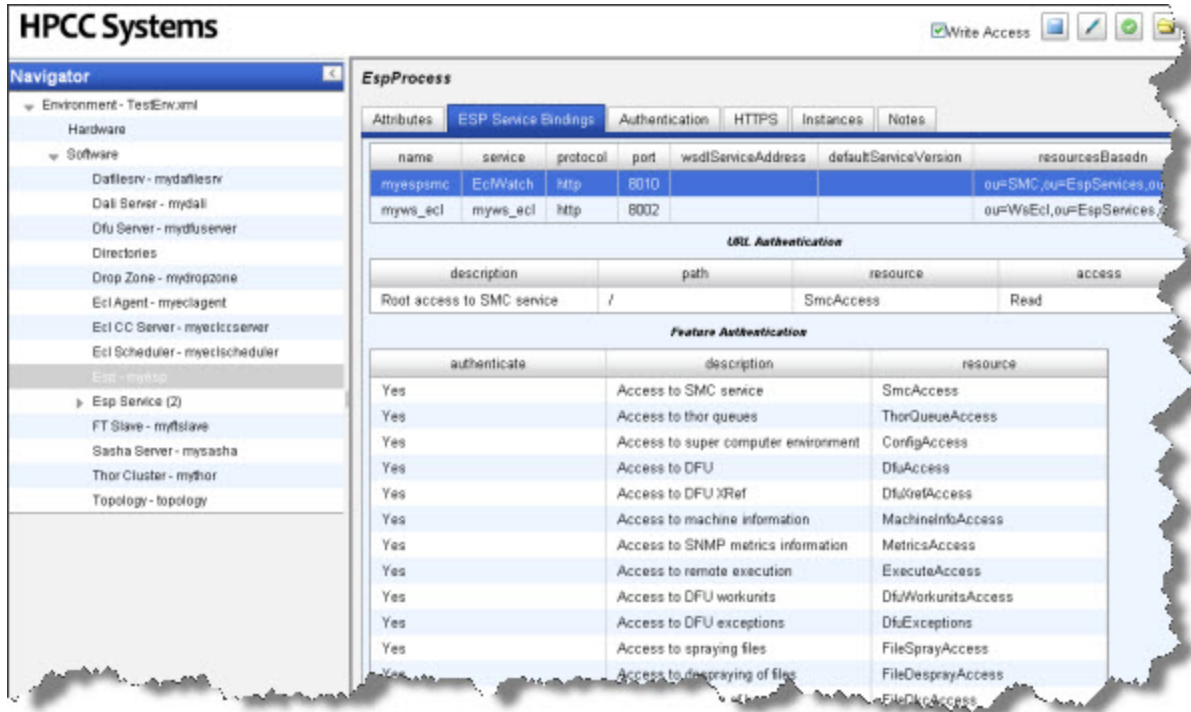


| Attribute name | Definition |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <i>componentfilesDir</i> | the component files directory |
| <i>daliServers</i> | the Dali servers |
| <i>description</i> | Describes the component |
| <i>enableSEHMapping</i> | True or False to enable*** |
| <i>formOptionsAccess</i> | True or False to enable...*** |
| <i>httpConfigAccess</i> | True or False to enable...*** |
| <i>logLevel</i> | The Level of ...*** |
| <i>logRequests</i> | True or False to enable...*** |
| <i>logResponses</i> | True or False to enable...*** |
| <i>maxBacklogQueueSize</i> | The size of the backlog queue |
| <i>maxConcurrentThreads</i> | The maximum number of concurrent threads |
| <i>maxRequestEntityLength</i> | The maximum length for entity requests |
| <i>name</i> | Name of the process instance (AlphaNumeric and underscore only) |
| <i>perfReportDelay</i> | The value at which...*** |

Esp - myesp Service Bindings Tab

This section describes the Esp - myesp Service Bindings tab.

HPCC Configuration Manager
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Attribute name

Definition

ECLWatch

provides ECL Watch interface

Ws_ecl

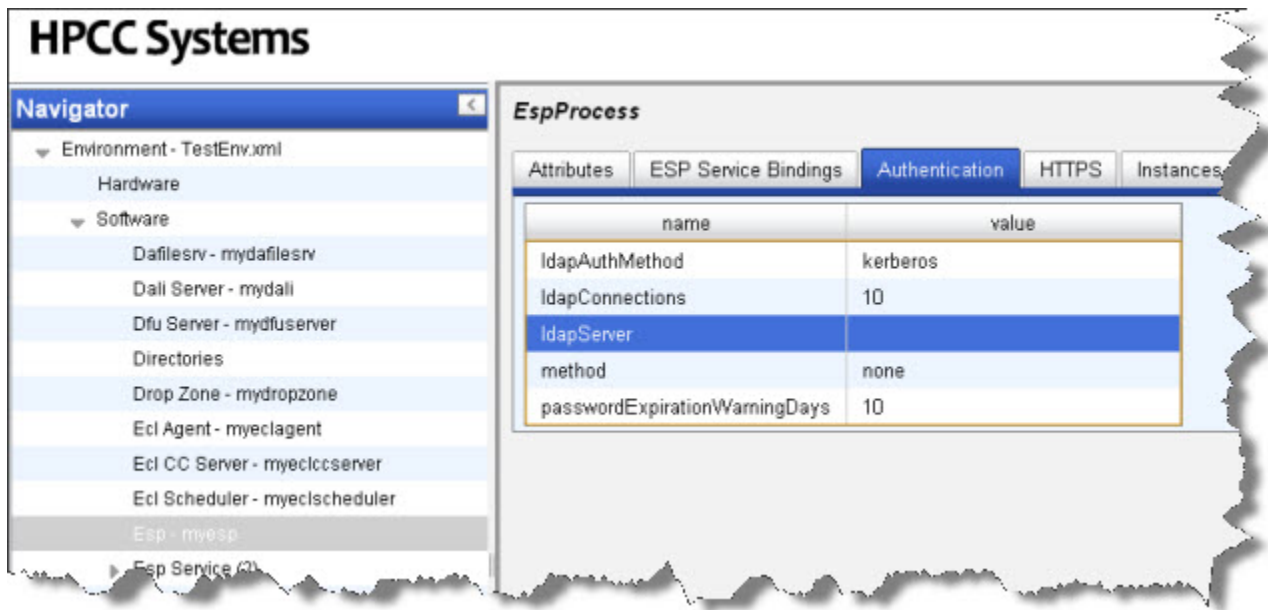
Provides Web access to published queries

myecldirect

Provides Ecl direct access

Esp - myesp AuthenticationTab

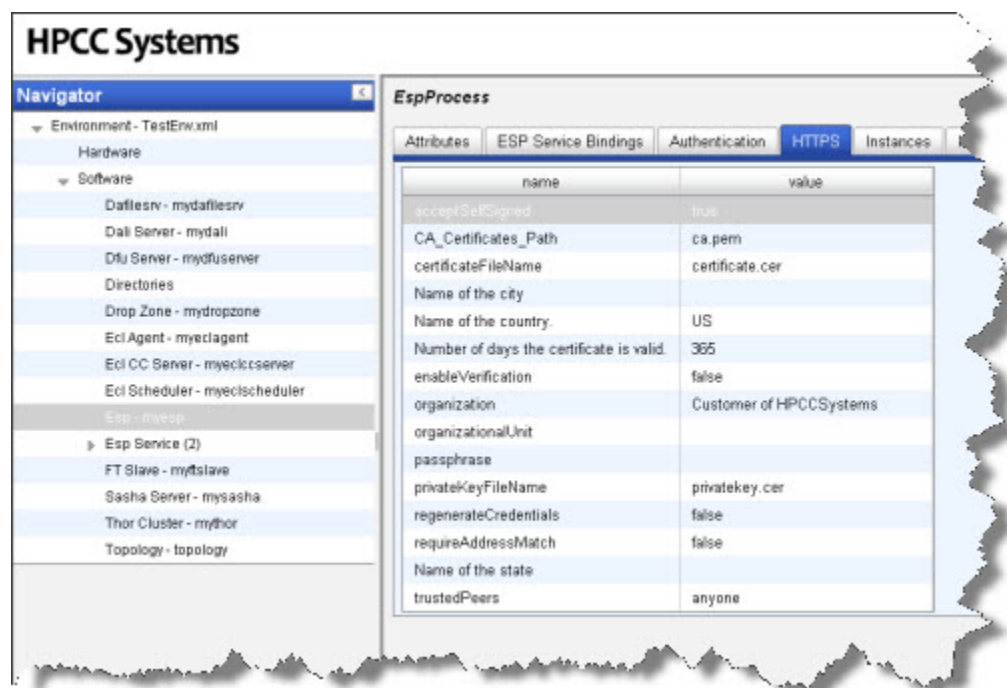
This section describes the Esp - myesp Service Authentication tab.



| Attribute name | Definition |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| <i>ldapAuthMethod</i> | the LDAP Authentication Method |
| <i>ldapConnections</i> | the number of LDAP Connections |
| <i>ldapServer</i> | the LDAP server |
| <i>method</i> | the method... |
| <i>passwordExpirationWarningDays</i> | the number of days advance warning of password expiration |

Esp - myesp HTTPS Tab

This section describes the Esp - myesp HTTPS tab.



| Attribute name | Definition |
|---|--|
| <i>acceptSelfSigned</i> | True or False to enable self signed certificate... |
| <i>CA_Certificates_Path</i> | the location of the CA Certificates |
| <i>certificateFileName</i> | name of the CA Certificate |
| <i>Name of the city</i> | name of the city. |
| <i>Name of the country</i> | name of the country. |
| <i>Number of days the certificate is valid.</i> | The Number of days the certificate is valid. |
| <i>enableVerification</i> | True or False to enable verification of... |
| <i>organization</i> | name of the organization... |
| <i>organizationalUnit</i> | OU to use |
| <i>passphrase</i> | passphrase to use |
| <i>privateKeyFileName</i> | The privatekey name file (such as, privatekey.cer) |
| <i>regenerateCredentials</i> | True or False to enable generation of credentials. |
| <i>requireAddressMatch</i> | True or False to enable address match |
| <i>Name of the State</i> | name of the state |
| <i>TrustedPeers</i> | The names of trusted peers. |

EspProcess Notes

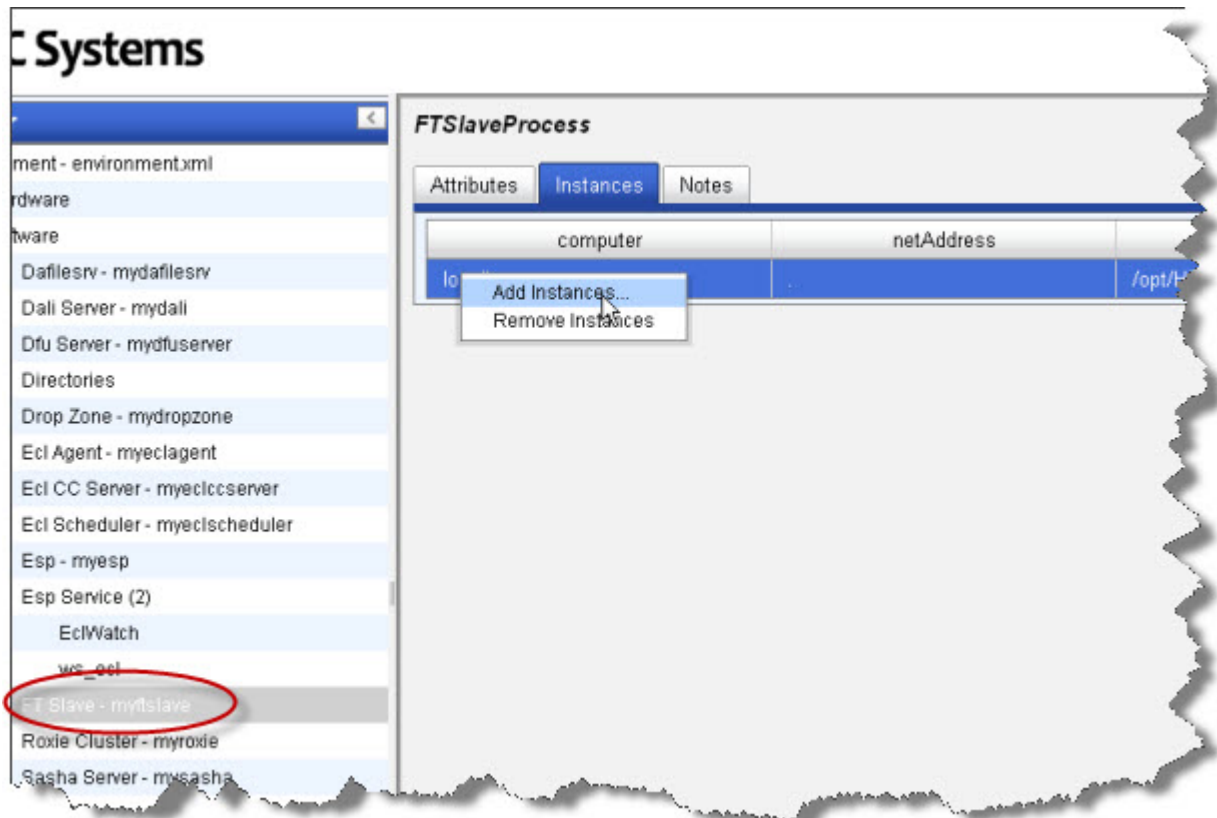
This tab allows you to add any notes pertinent to the component's configuration. This can be useful to keep a record of changes and to communicate this information to peers.

FTSlave Process

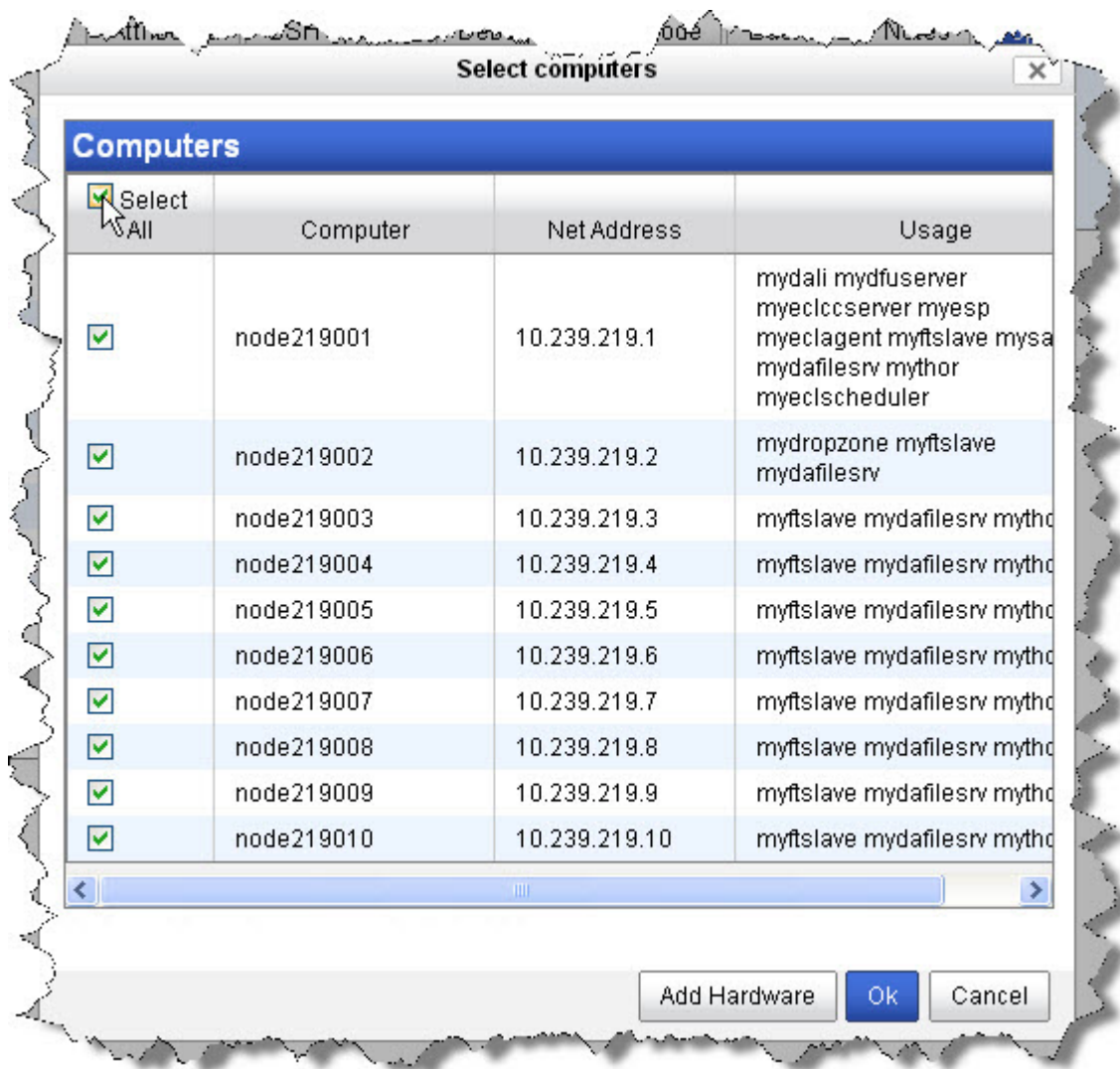
FTSlave is a helper process that every node needs.

Instances

- Select FTSlave in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the Instances tab.
- RT-CLICK on a computer in the computer column, and select Add Instance .



- Select all computers in the list, then press the **OK** button.



- Click the  disk icon to save

FtSlave attributes

This section describes the FTSlave attributes tab.

| Attribute | Definition |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>description</i> | FTSlave Process description |
| <i>name</i> | Name of the process instance (AlphaNumeric and underscore only) |
| <i>version</i> | current version number |

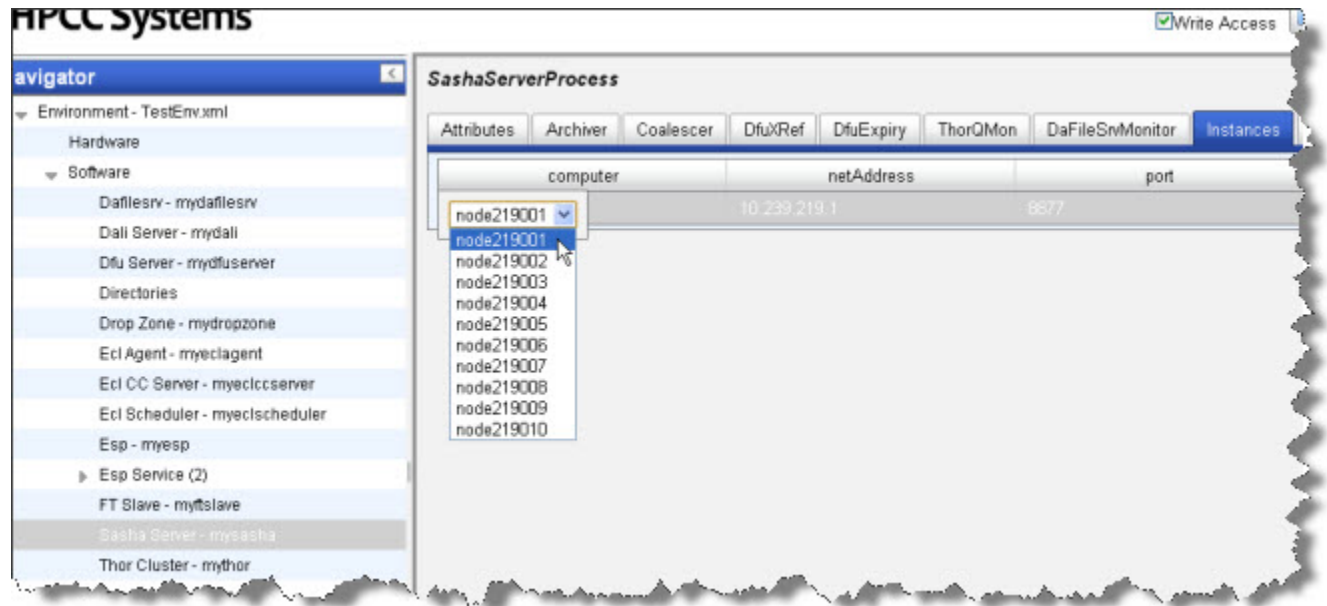
FtSlave Process Notes

This tab allows you to add any notes pertinent to the component's configuration. This can be useful to keep a record of changes and to communicate this information to peers.

Sasha Server

Instances

- Select Sasha Server in the menu on the left side.
- Select the Instances tab.
- In the computer column, choose a node from the drop list as shown below:



SashaServer Process Archiver

This section describes the SashaServer Process Archiver tab.

The screenshot shows the HPCC Systems Configuration Manager interface. On the left, a tree view under 'Environment - TestEnv.xml' lists various services, with 'Sasha Server - mysasha' selected. The main area displays the 'SashaServerProcess' configuration, with the 'Archiver' tab active. Below the tabs is a table of attributes and their values.

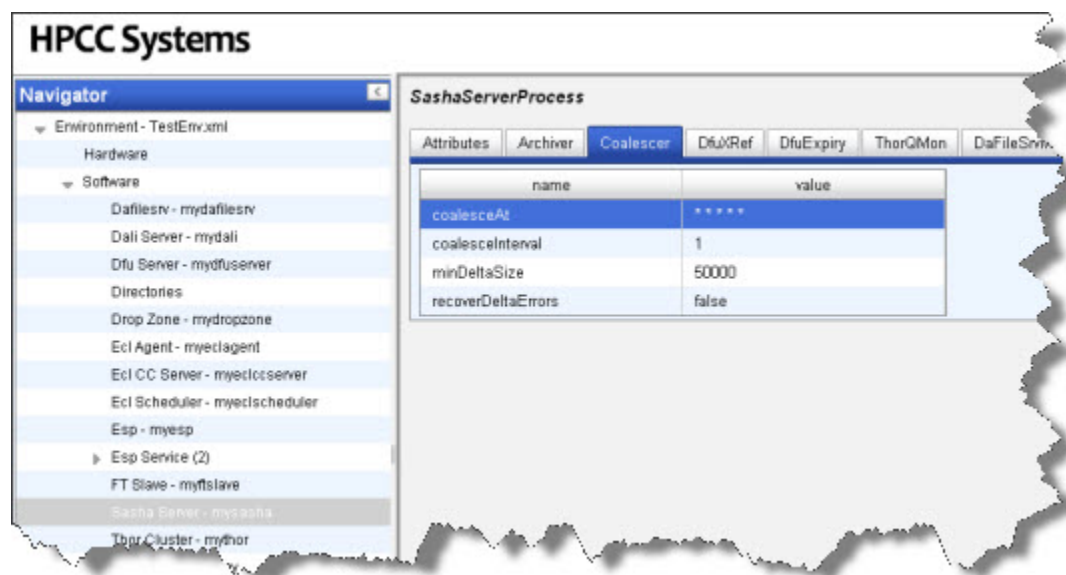
| name | value |
|---------------------|-------|
| cachedWUat | ***** |
| cachedWUinterval | 24 |
| cachedWUlimit | 100 |
| DFUrecoveryAt | ***** |
| DFUrecoveryCutoff | 4 |
| DFUrecoveryInterval | 12 |
| DFUrecoveryLimit | 20 |
| DFUWUat | ***** |
| DFUWUcutoff | 14 |
| DFUWUduration | 0 |
| DFUWUinterval | 24 |
| DFUWUlimit | 1000 |
| DFUWUthrottle | 0 |
| keepResultFiles | false |
| WUat | ***** |
| WUbackup | 0 |
| WUcutoff | 8 |
| WUduration | 0 |
| WUinterval | 6 |
| WUlimit | 1000 |
| WUretryinterval | 7 |
| WUthrottle | 0 |

| Attribute | Definition |
|----------------------------|--|
| <i>cachedWUat</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>cachedWUinterval</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>cachedWUlimit</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>DFUrecoveryAt</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>DFUrecoveryCutoff</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>DFUrecoveryInterval</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>DFUrecoveryLimit</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>DFUWUat</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| <i>DFUWUcutoff</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>DFUWUduration</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>DFUWUinterval</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>DFUWUlimit</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>DFUWUthrottle</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>keepResultFiles</i> | Keep result files, True or False |
| <i>WUat</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>WUbackup</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>WUcutoff</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>WUduration</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>WUinterval</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>WUlimit</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>WUretryinterval</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |
| <i>WUthrottle</i> | SashaServer Archiver Process description |

SashaServer Process Coalescer

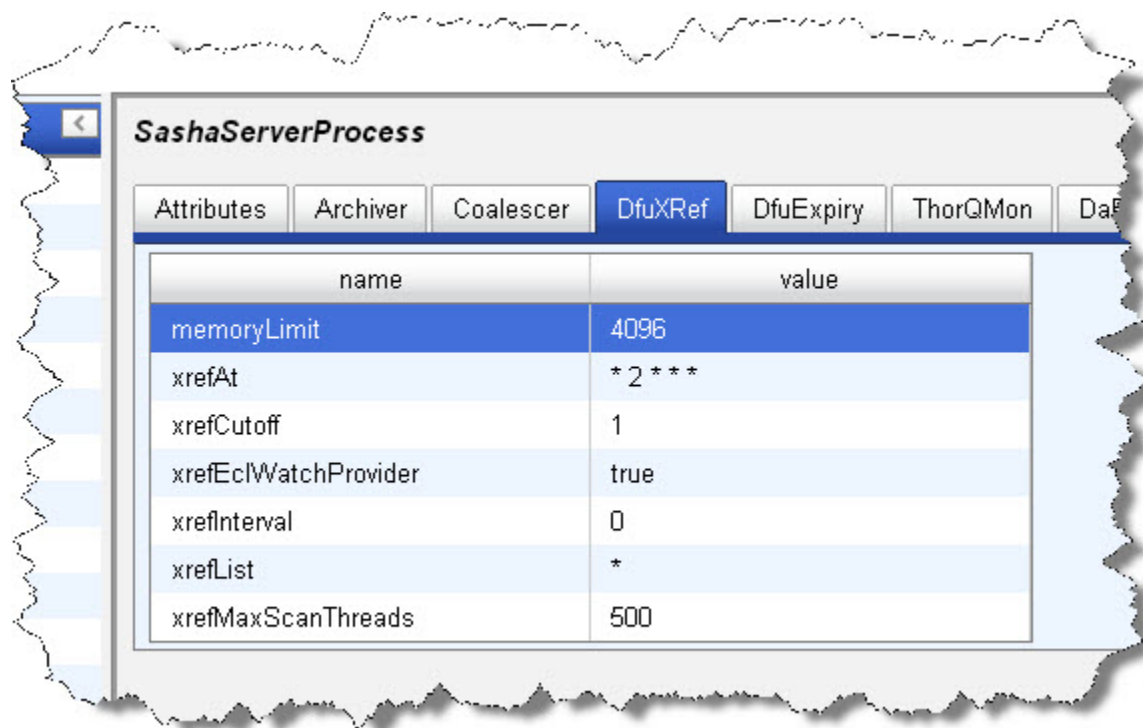
This section describes the SashaServer Process Coalescer tab.



| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Attribute | Definition |
| <i>coalesceAt</i> | SashaServer Coalesce Process description |
| <i>coalesceInterval</i> | SashaServer Coalesce Process description |
| <i>minDeltaSize</i> | SashaServer Coalesce Process description |
| <i>recoverDeltaErrors</i> | SashaServer Coalesce Process description |

SashaServer Process DfuXRef

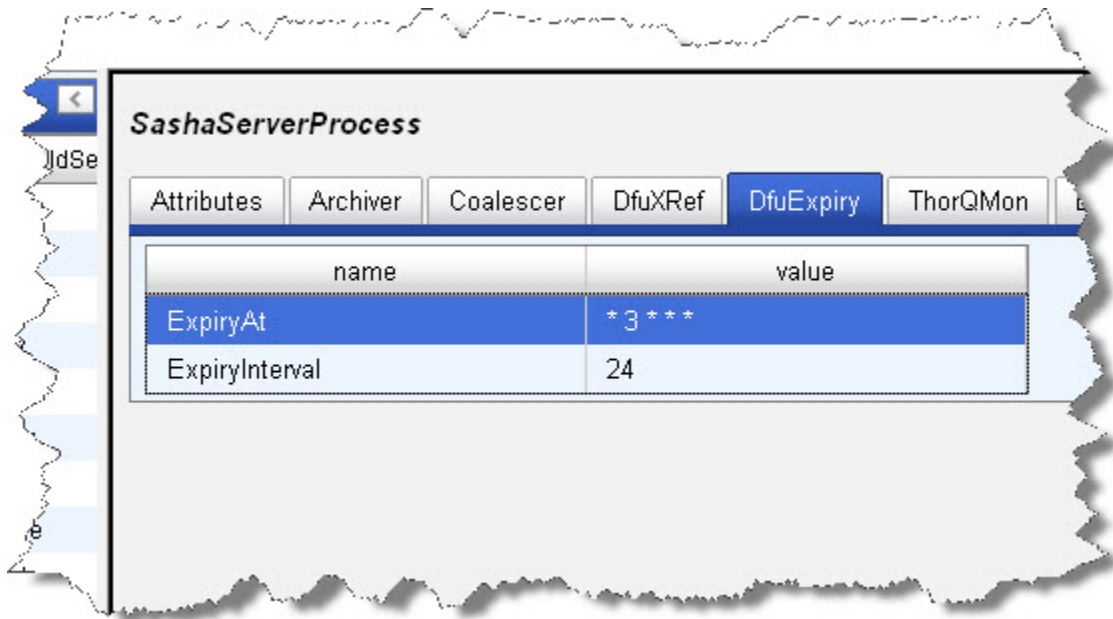
This section describes the SashaServer Process DfuXref tab.



| Attribute | Definition |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <i>memoryLimit</i> | set value for Memory Limit |
| <i>xrefAt</i> | SashaServer DfuXRef Attribute description... |
| <i>xrefCutoff</i> | SashaServer DfuXRef Attribute description... |
| <i>xrefEclWatchProvider</i> | Xref Ecl Watch Provider, True or False |
| <i>xrefInterval</i> | value of SashaServer DfuXRef Attribute |
| <i>xrefList</i> | SashaServer DfuXRef Attribute description... |
| <i>xrefMaxScanThreads</i> | SashaServer DfuXRef Attribute description... |

SashaServer Process DfuExpiry

This section describes the SashaServer Process DfuExpiry tab.



Attribute

Definition

ExpiryAt

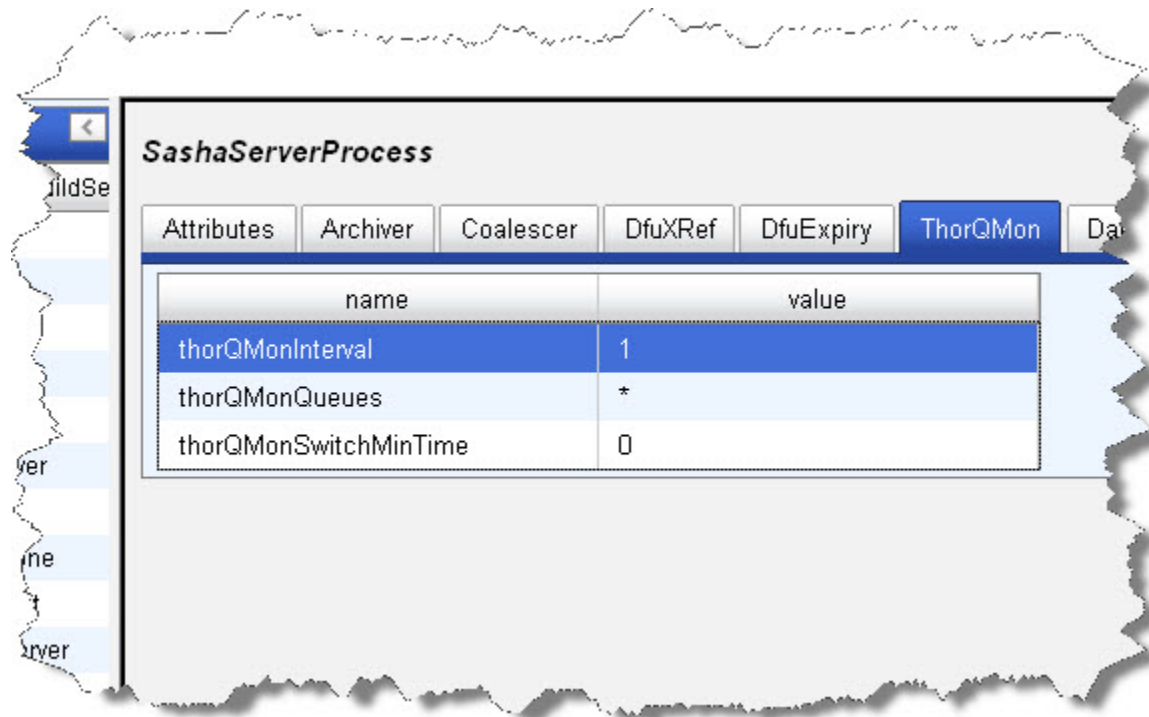
SashaServer DfuExpiry tab description

ExpiryInterval

Interval in hours at which the Dfu expires

SashaServer Process ThorQMon

This section describes the SashaServer Process ThorQMon tab.



Attribute

ThorQMonInterval

ThorQMonQueues

ThorQMonSwitchMinTime

Definition

ThorQMonInterval description

ThorQMonQueues description

ThorQMonSwitchMinTime description

SashaServer Process DaFileSrvMonitor

This section describes the SashaServer Process DaFileSrvMonitor tab.



| Attribute | Definition |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| <i>dafsmonAt</i> | dafsmon description |
| <i>dafsmonInterval</i> | dafsmon description |
| <i>dafsmonList</i> | dafsmon description |

SashaServer Process Notes

This tab allows you to add any notes pertinent to the component's configuration. This can be useful to keep a record of changes and to communicate this information to peers.

Thor

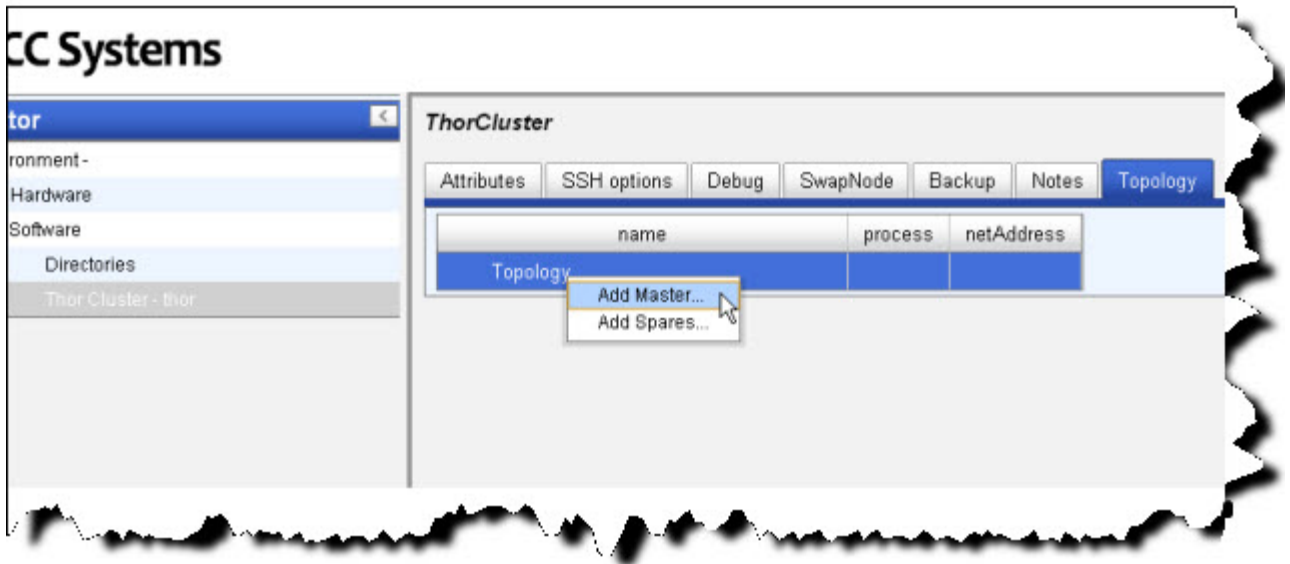
This section details how to define a Data Refinery (Thor) cluster. Before you begin, you should decide the width of the cluster (i.e., how many slave nodes will you have).

- Select **Thor Cluster - mythor** in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the **Topology** tab.
- Expand the Topology, if needed, then RT-CLICK the Master and select Delete.

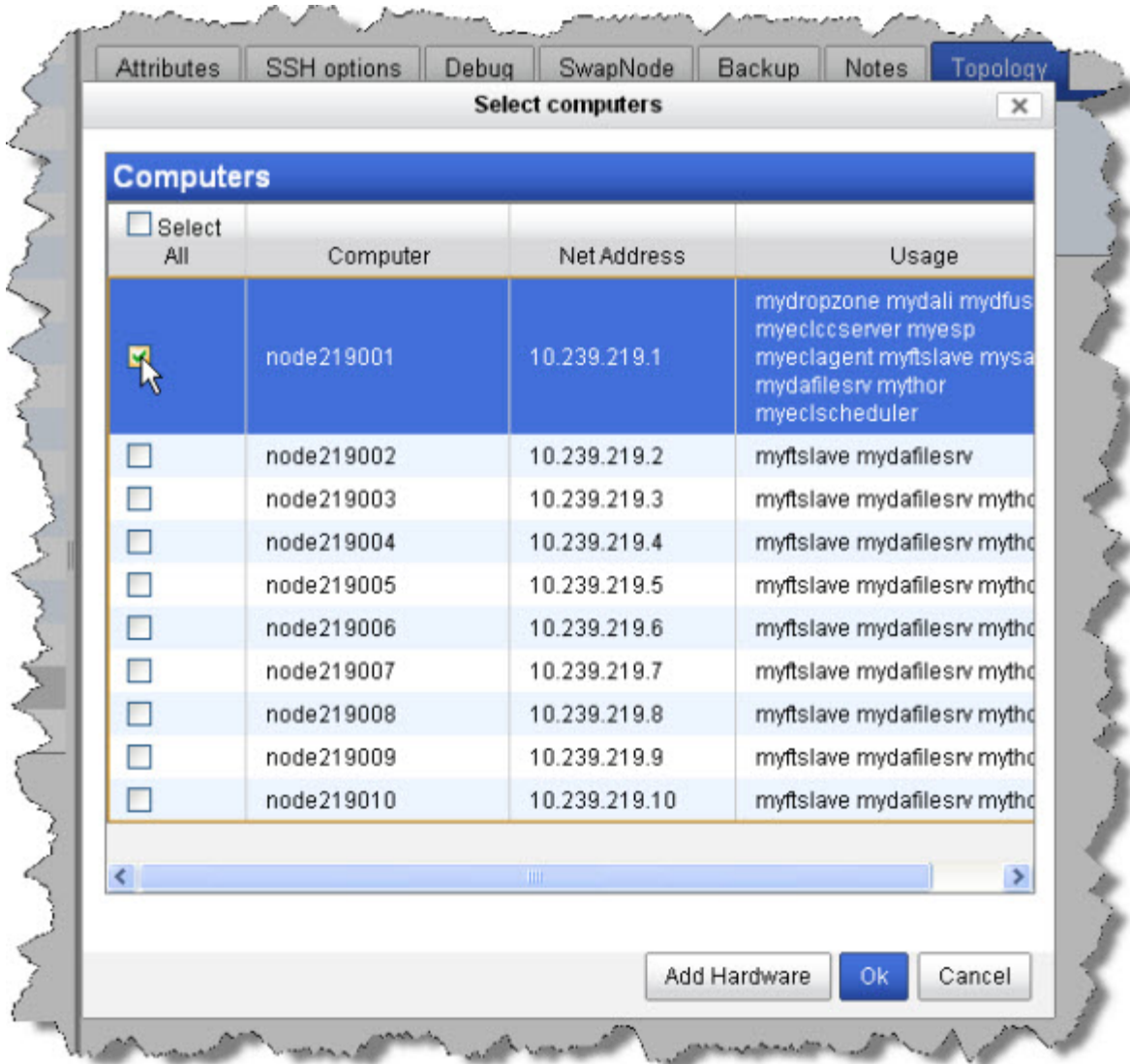
This deletes the sample one-node Thor.

You will replace this with a multi-node cluster.

- RT-CLICK on the Topology and select Add Master.

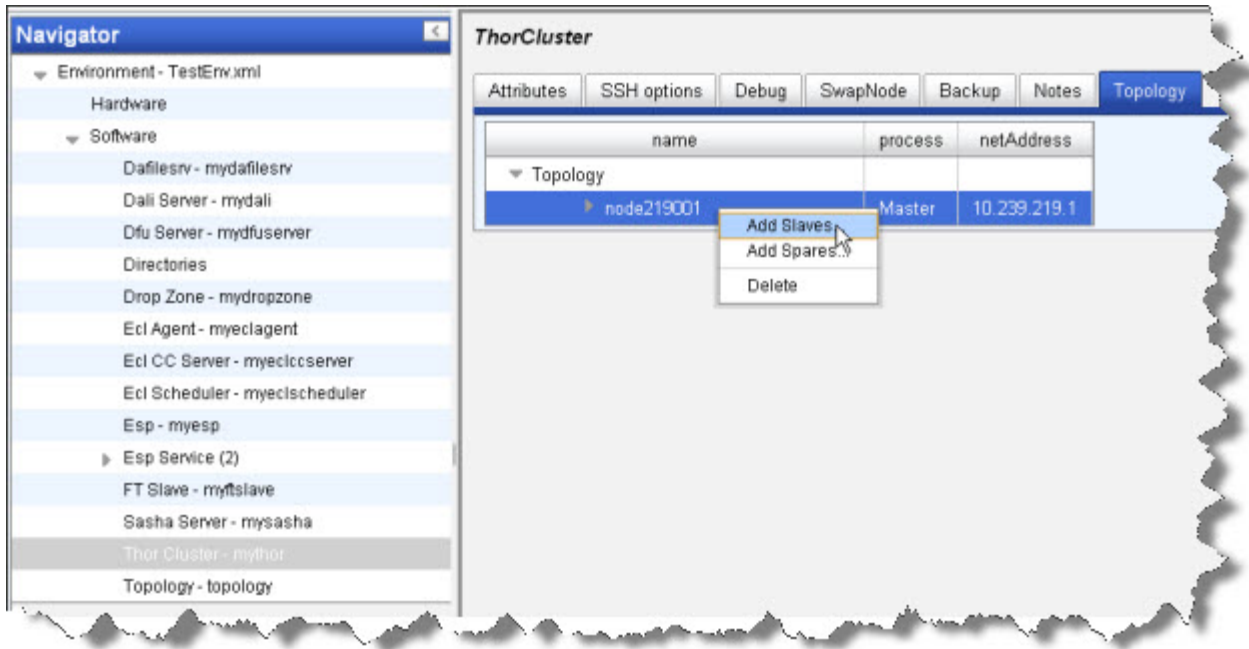


- Select a computer from the list, then press the OK button.



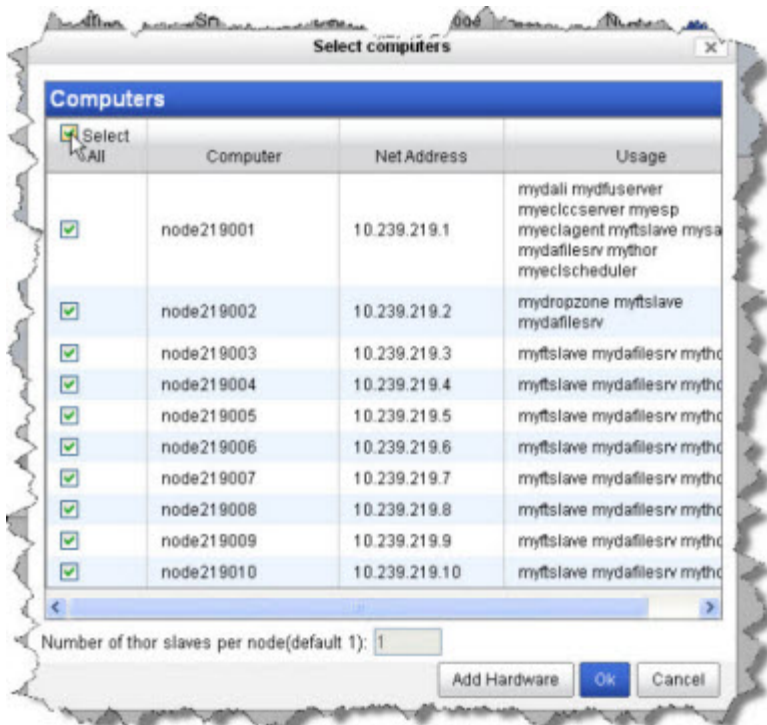
HPCC Configuration Manager
Configuration Manager Advanced View

- RT-CLICK on the Master and select Add Slaves.

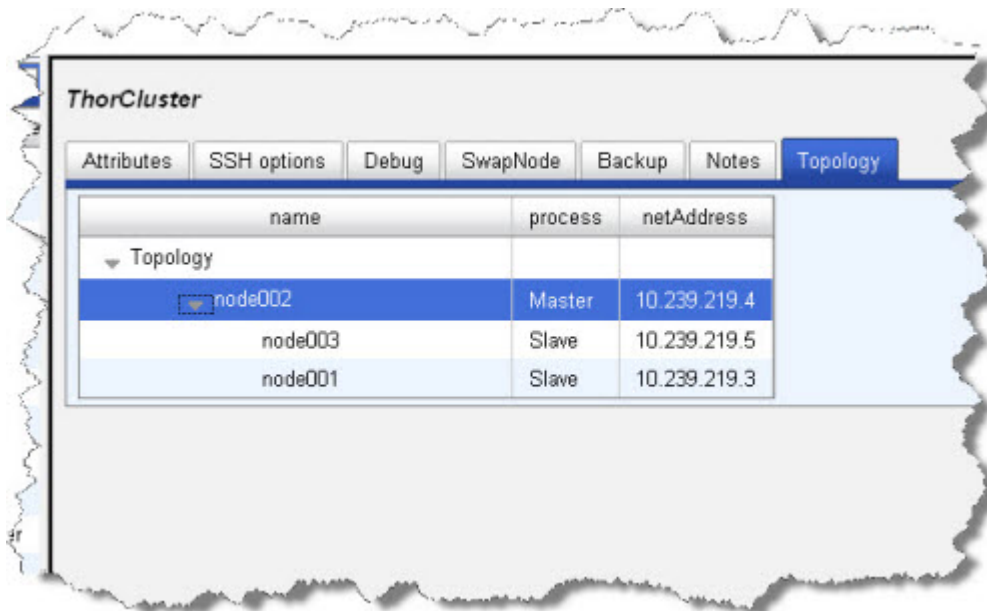


HPCC Configuration Manager Configuration Manager Advanced View

- Select the computers to use as slaves from the list, then press the OK button. Use CTRL+CLICK to multi-select or SHIFT+CLICK to select a range.



The Nodes now display below the Thor Master node.



- Select Thor Cluster - mythor in the Navigator panel on the left side.

- Select the Attributes tab.

HPCC Systems

Navigator

- Environment - TestEnv.xml
 - Hardware
 - Software
 - Dafilesrv - mydafilesrv
 - Dali Server - mydali
 - Dfu Server - mydfuserver
 - Directories
 - Drop Zone - mydropzone
 - Ecl Agent - myeclagent
 - Ecl CC Server - myeclccserver
 - Ecl Scheduler - myeclscheduler
 - Esp - myesp
 - Esp Service (2)
 - FT Slave - myftslave
 - Sasha Server - mysasha
 - Thor Cluster - mythor**
 - Topology - topology

| | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| allowedPipePrograms | * |
| autoCopyBackup | false |
| checkPointRecovery | false |
| daliServers | mydali |
| defaultOutputNodeGroup | |
| description | Thor process |
| externalProgDir | |
| globalMemorySize | |
| idleRestartPeriod | 480 |
| largeMemSize | |
| localThor | false |
| localThorPortBase | false |
| localThorPortInc | true |
| masterport | |
| maxActivityCores | 0 |
| monitorDaliFileServer | true |
| multiThorExclusionLockName | |
| multiThorMemoryThreshold | |
| multiThorPriorityLock | false |
| name | mythor |
| nodeGroup | |
| pluginsPath | /opt/HPCCSystems/plugins/ |
| replicateAsync | true |

- Change the value of the localThor to **false**

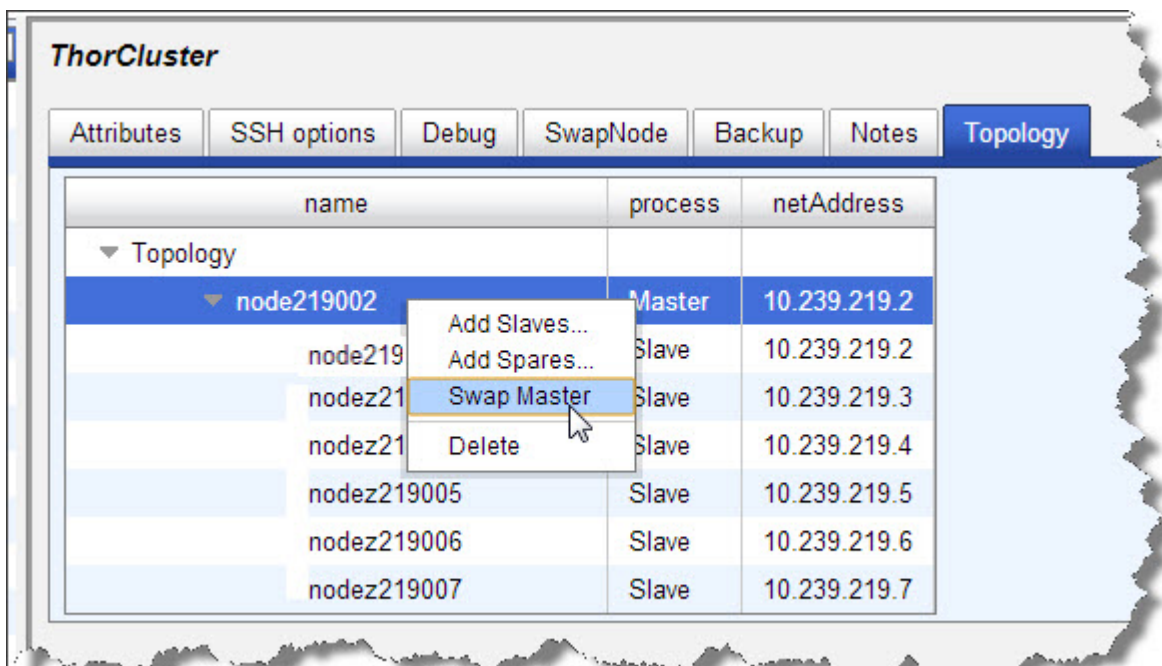
•

Click the  disk icon to save

Changing Thor topology

If you want to designate a different node as the Thor master when setting up a multi-node system, follow these steps.

- Select **Thor Cluster - mythor** in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the **Topology** tab.
- RT-CLICK on the Master node
- Select the **Swap Master** option.



You should only use this feature when initially setting up your system. If there is data on the nodes when attempting to Swap Master, you run the risk of losing or corrupting some data.

ThorCluster Attributes

This section describes the Thor Cluster Attributes tab.

The screenshot shows the HPCC Systems configuration interface. On the left is a Navigator pane with a tree view showing the environment structure: Environment - TestEnv.xml, Hardware, Software, Dafflesrv - mydafflesrv, Dali Server - mydali, Dfu Server - mydfuserver, Directories, Drop Zone - mydropzone, Ecl Agent - myeclagent, Ecl CC Server - myeclccserver, Ecl Scheduler - myeclscheduler, Esp - myesp, Esp Service (2), FT Slave - myftslave, Sasha Server - mysasha, Thor Cluster - mythor (selected), and Topology - topology. The main area is titled 'ThorCluster' and has tabs for 'Attributes', 'SSH options', 'Debug', 'SwapNode', 'Backup', and 'Notes'. The 'Attributes' tab is active, displaying a table with two columns: 'name' and 'value'.

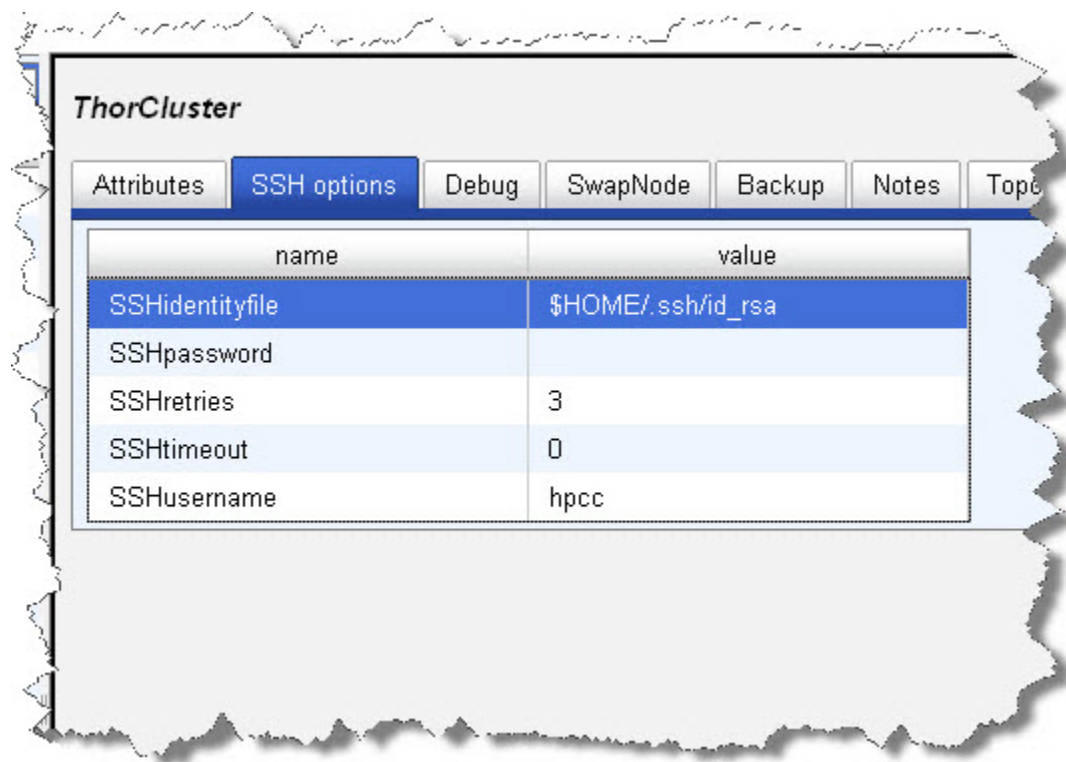
| name | value |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| allowedPipePrograms | * |
| autoCopyBackup | false |
| checkPointRecovery | false |
| daliServers | mydali |
| defaultOutputNodeGroup | |
| description | Thor process |
| externalProgDir | |
| globalMemorySize | |
| idleRestartPeriod | 480 |
| largeMemSize | |
| localThor | false |
| localThorPortBase | 13500 |
| localThorPortInc | 2000 |
| masterport | |
| maxActivityCores | 0 |
| monitorDaliFileServer | true |
| multiThorExclusionLockName | |
| multiThorMemoryThreshold | |
| multiThorPriorityLock | false |
| name | mythor |

| Attribute | Definition |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>allowedPipePrograms</i> | ThorCluster Process description |
| <i>autoCopyBackup</i> | True or False |
| <i>checkPointRecovery</i> | True or False |
| <i>daliServers</i> | The Dali Server |
| <i>defaultOutputNodeGroup</i> | |
| <i>description</i> | ThorCluster Process description |
| <i>externalProgDir</i> | Location of externals |
| <i>globalMemorySize</i> | ThorCluster Process description |
| <i>idleRestartPeriod</i> | ThorCluster Process description |
| <i>largeMemSize</i> | ThorCluster Process description |
| <i>LCR</i> | True or False |
| <i>localThor</i> | True or False |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <i>localThorPortBase</i> | |
| <i>localThorPortInc</i> | |
| <i>masterport</i> | |
| <i>monitorDaliFileServer</i> | Specifies whether to monitor for DaFileSrv process (True or False) |
| <i>multiSlaves</i> | True or False |
| <i>multiThorExclusionLockName</i> | |
| <i>multiThorMemoryThreshold</i> | |
| <i>multiThorPriorityLock</i> | True or False |
| <i>name</i> | Name of cluster |
| <i>nodeGroup</i> | |
| <i>pluginsPath</i> | Location of plugins |
| <i>queueName</i> | |
| <i>replicateAsync</i> | True or False |
| <i>replicateOutputs</i> | True or False |
| <i>slaveDownTimeout</i> | |
| <i>slaveport</i> | |
| <i>smallSortThreshold</i> | |
| <i>verifyDaliConnectionInterval</i> | |
| <i>watchdogEnabled</i> | True or False |
| <i>watchdogProgressEnabled</i> | True or False |
| <i>watchdogProgressInterval</i> | ThorCluster Process description |

ThorCluster SSH Options

This section describes the ThorCluster SSH Options tab.



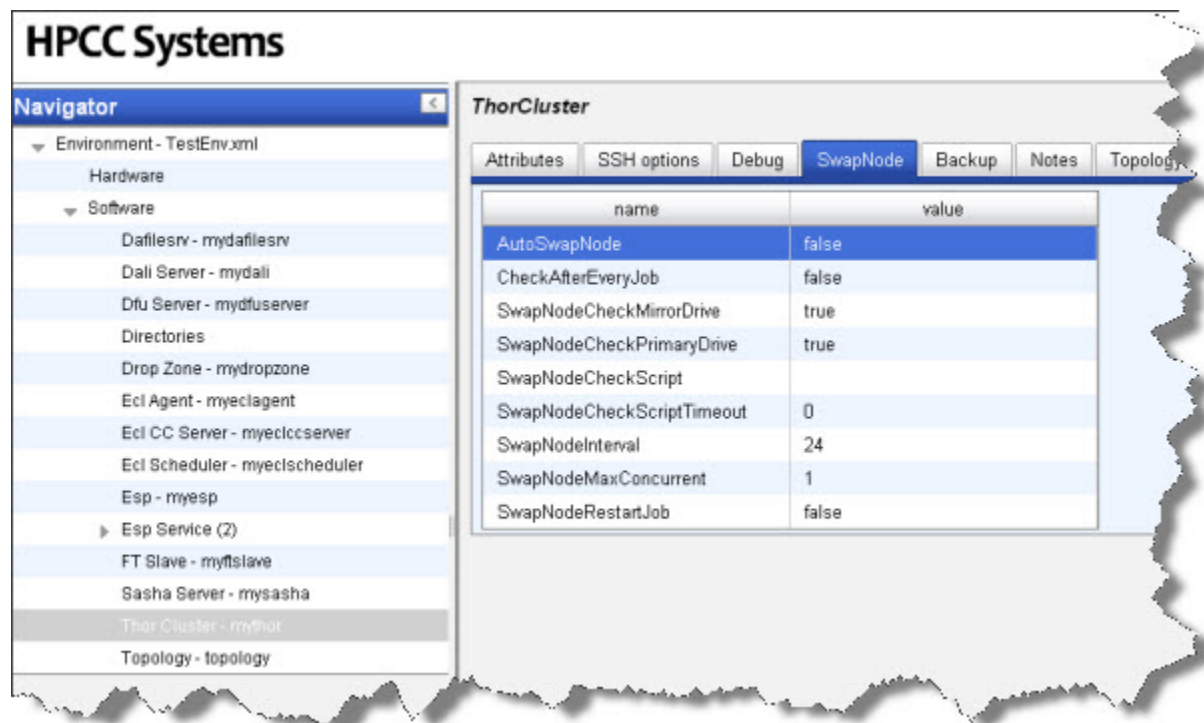
| Attribute | Definition |
|------------------------|---|
| <i>SSHidentityfile</i> | Location of the SSH keys component files. |
| <i>SSHpassword</i> | |
| <i>SSHretries</i> | The number of times... |
| <i>SSHtimeout</i> | Timeout |
| <i>SSHusername</i> | The user name of the account the SSH keys are associated with |

ThorCluster Debug

The debug tab is for internal use only

ThorCluster Swap Node

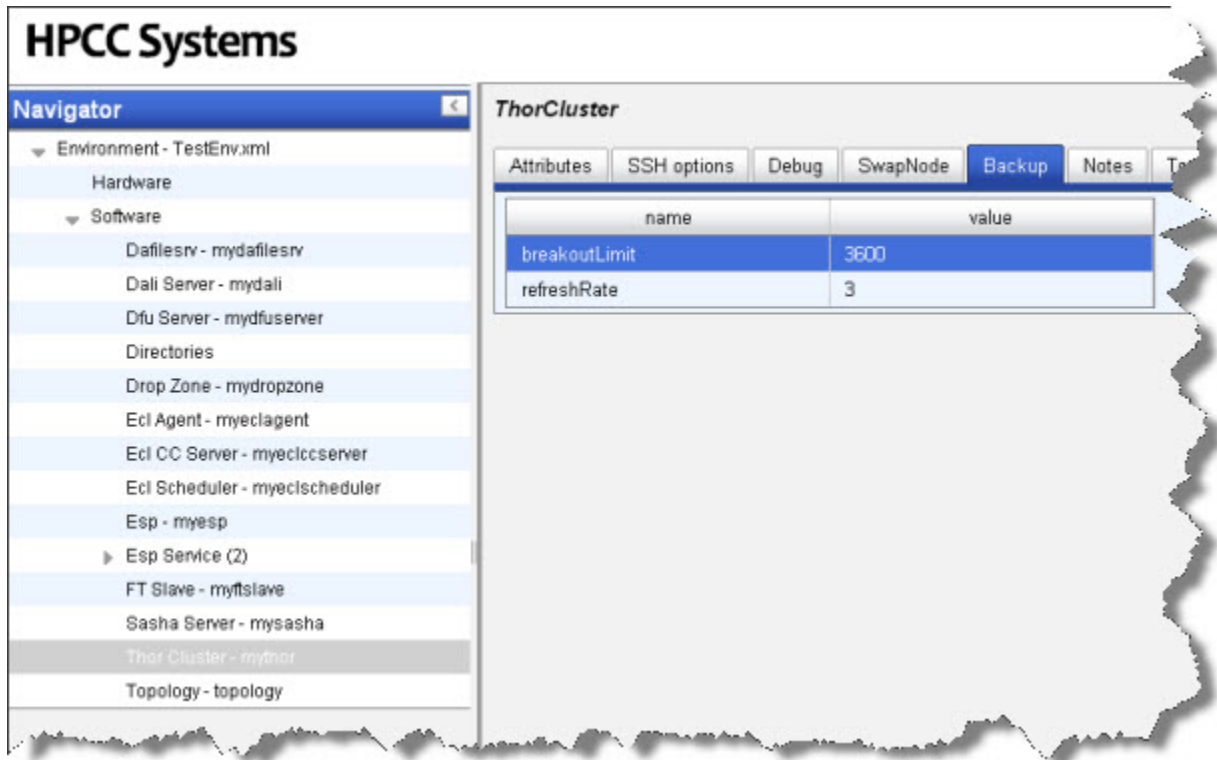
This section describes the ThorCluster Swap Node tab.



| Attribute | Definition |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <i>AutoSwapNode</i> | True or False. Set to True to enable AutoSwapNode |
| <i>CheckAfterEveryJob</i> | True or False. Set to True to Check after Every Job |
| <i>SwapNodeCheckC</i> | True or False. Set to True to ... |
| <i>SwapNodeCheckD</i> | True or False. Set to True to... |
| <i>SwapNodeCheckScript</i> | |
| <i>SwapNodeCheckScriptTimeout</i> | The number ... |
| <i>SwapNodeInterval</i> | The number ... |
| <i>SwapNodeMaxConcurrent</i> | value of Maximum number of concurrent... |
| <i>SwapNodeRestartJob</i> | True or False. Set to True... |

ThorCluster Backup

This section describes the ThorCluster Backup tab.



| Attribute | Definition |
|----------------------|-------------|
| <i>breakoutLimit</i> | value of... |
| <i>refreshRate</i> | value of... |

ThorCluster Notes

This tab allows you to add any notes pertinent to the component's configuration. This can be useful to keep a record of changes and to communicate this information to peers.

Swap Master

The swap master option now allows you to easily swap out the Thor Master.**

HPCC Configuration Manager
Configuration Manager Advanced View

The screenshot displays the 'ThorCluster' configuration interface. At the top, there are several tabs: 'Attributes', 'SSH options', 'Debug', 'SwapNode', 'Backup', 'Notes', and 'Topology'. The 'Topology' tab is currently selected. Below the tabs is a table with the following columns: 'name', 'process', and 'netAddress'. The table contains two rows under a 'Topology' header:

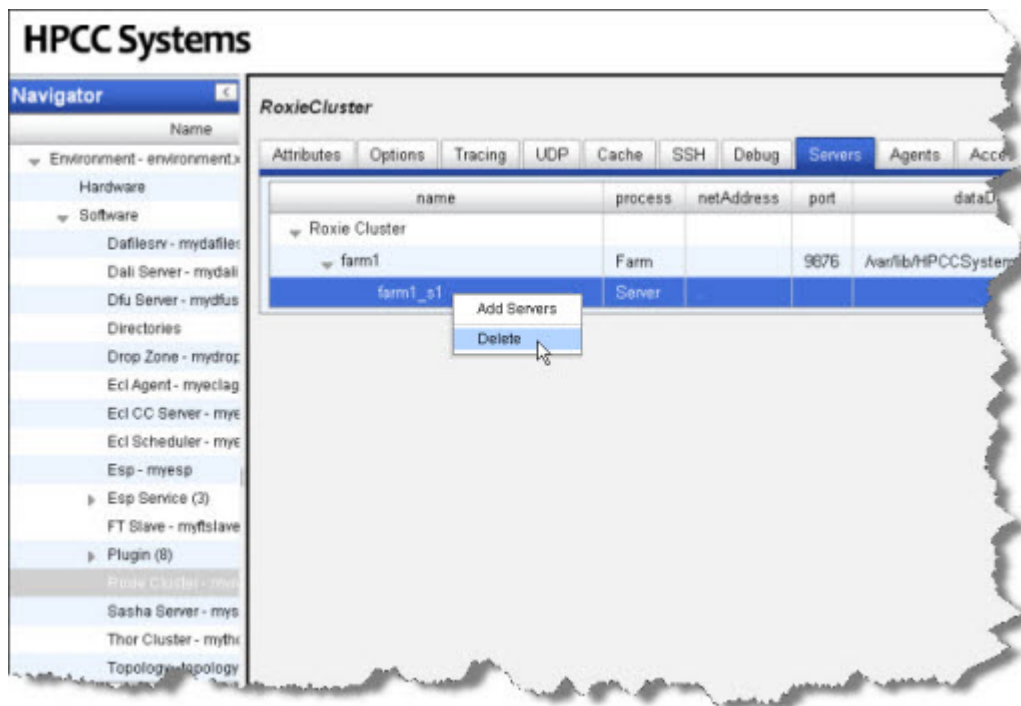
| name | process | netAddress |
|------------|---------|-------------|
| node000005 | Master | 192.168.1.5 |
| node000001 | Spare | 192.168.1.1 |

A context menu is open over the 'node000005' row, listing the following options: 'Add Slaves...', 'Add Spares...', 'Swap Master', and 'Delete'. The 'Swap Master' option is circled in red.

Roxie

This section details how to define a Rapid Data Delivery Engine (Roxie) cluster. Before you begin, you should decide the width of the cluster (i.e., how many agent nodes will you have).***Change the value of the localslave to **false*****

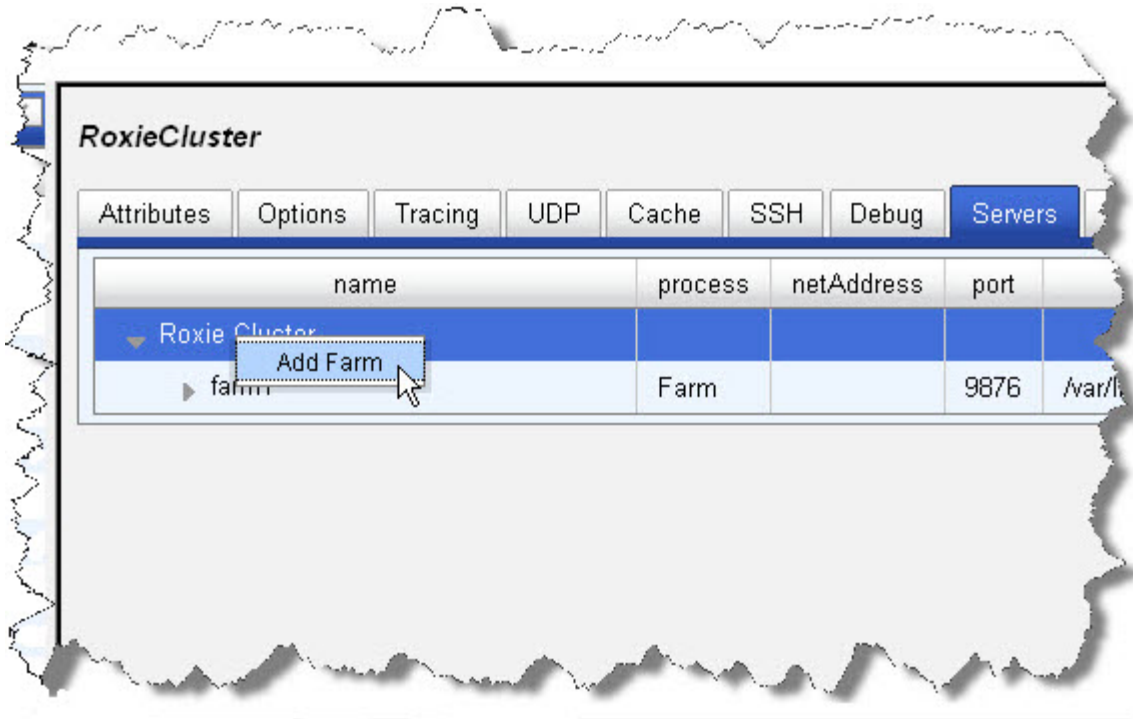
- Select Roxie Cluster in the Navigator panel on the left side.
- Select the Servers tab.
- Expand the RoxieCluster >> farm1, if needed, then RT-CLICK the Server and select Delete.



This deletes the sample one-node Roxie Server.

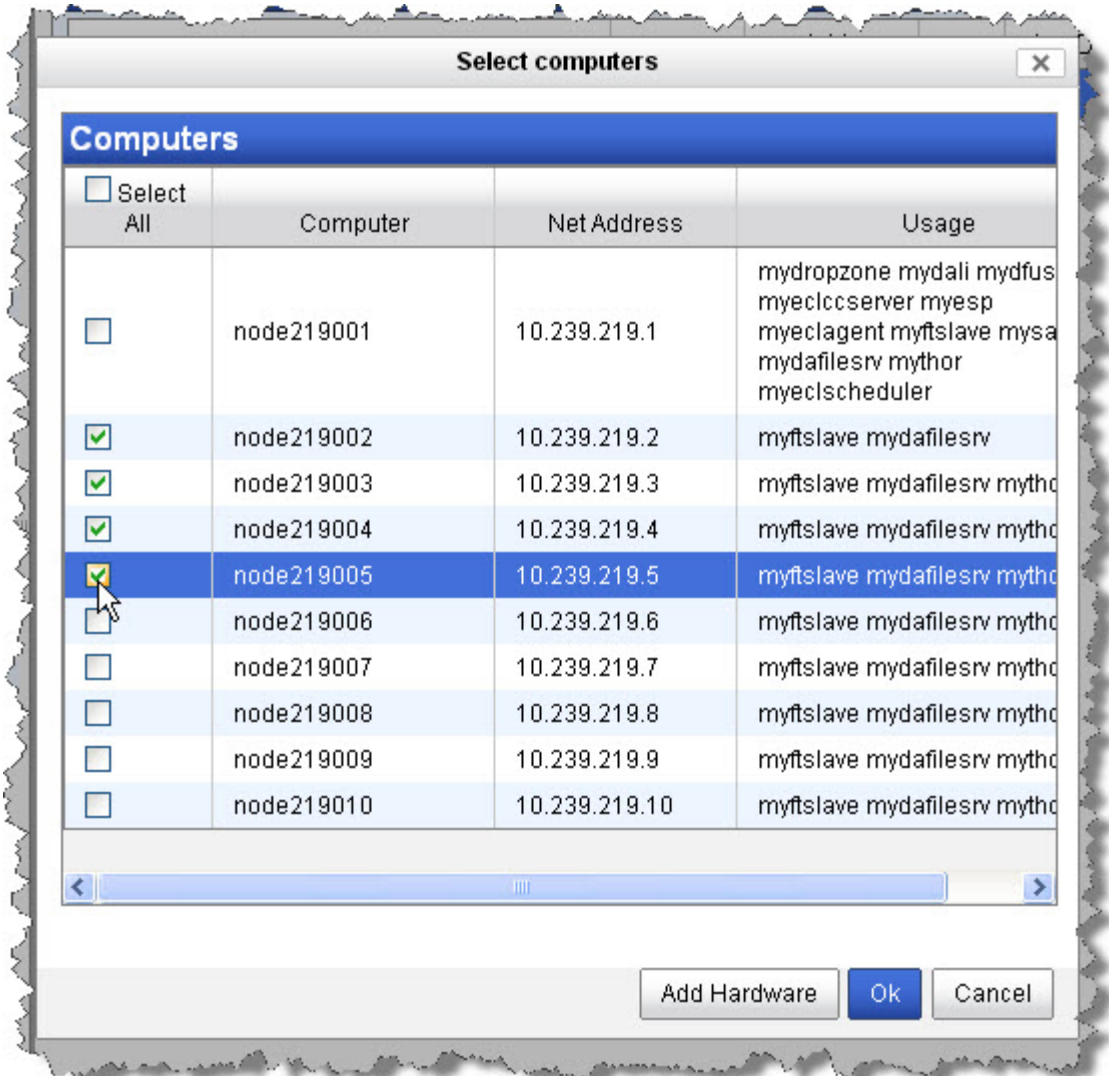
You will replace this with several servers to act as Roxie Servers.

- RT-CLICK on the Roxie Cluster and select Add Farm.



HPCC Configuration Manager
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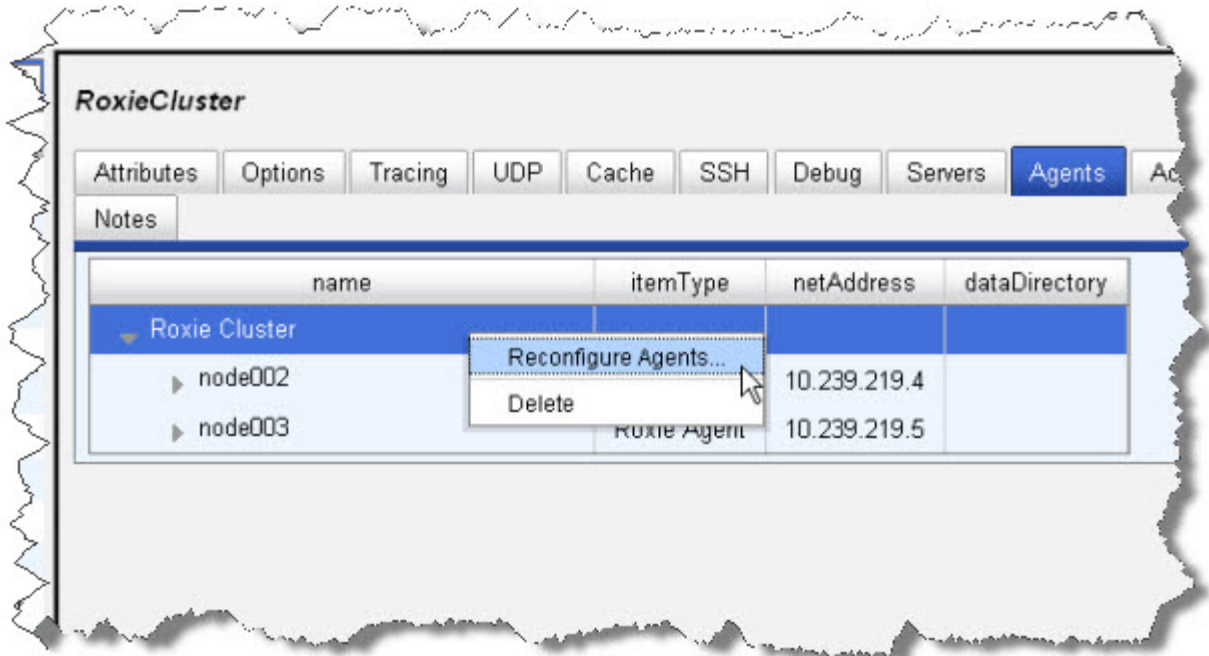
- Select the computers to use as Servers from the list, then press the OK button. Use Ctrl+click to multi-select or shift+click to select a range.



- Select the Agents tab.

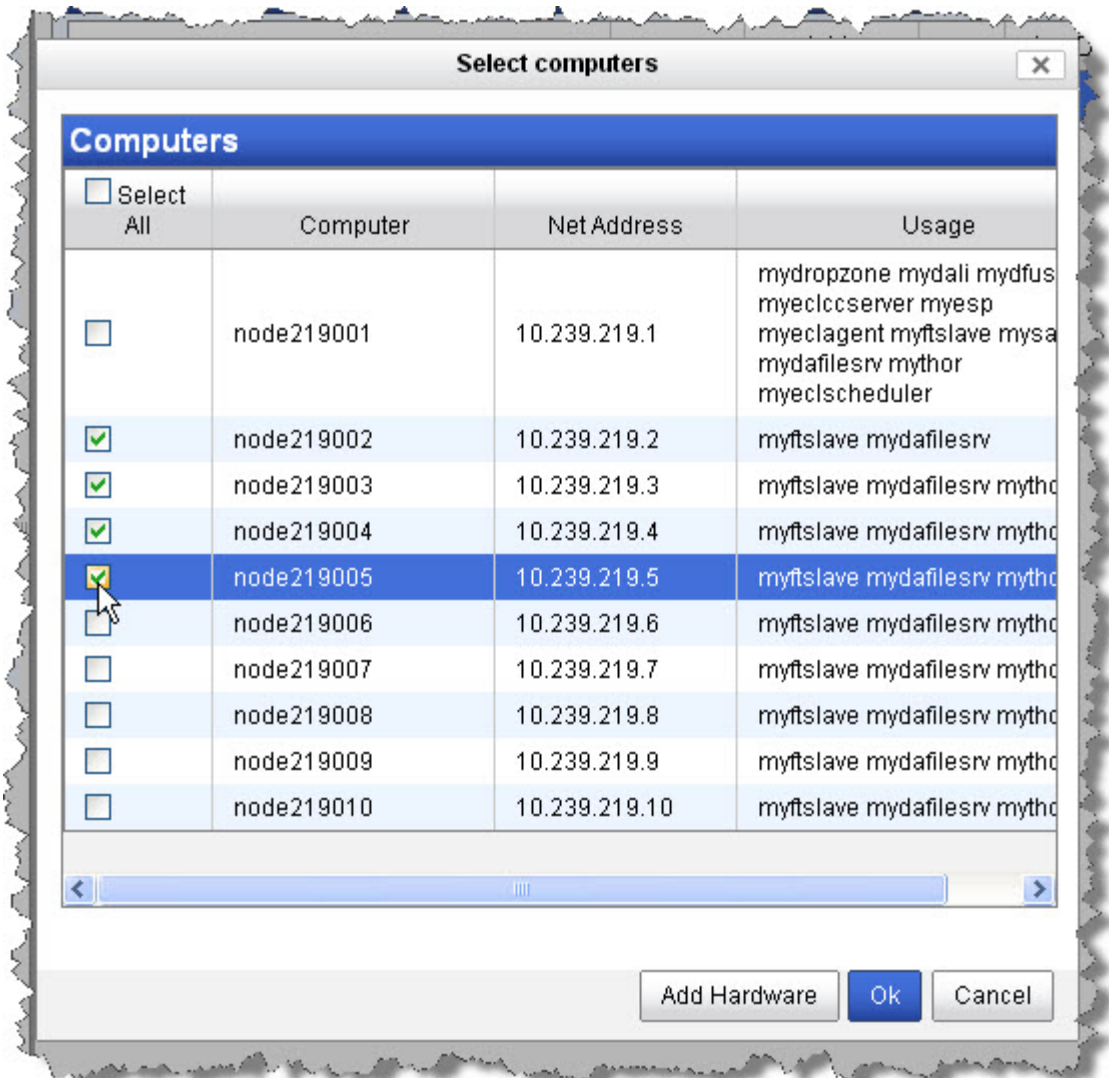
- Select the RoxieCluster, then RT-CLICK select Reconfigure Agents.

This allows you to replace the single agent with the multiple nodes you added as Servers.



HPCC Configuration Manager
Configuration Manager Advanced View

- Select the computers to use as Agents from the list, then press the **OK** button. Use Ctrl+click to multi-select or shift+click to select a range.




Note: In this example, we are using the same five nodes that were made to be Servers. This is a typical configuration.

- Select the redundancy scheme to use. Typically, this is Circular Redundancy, as shown below.

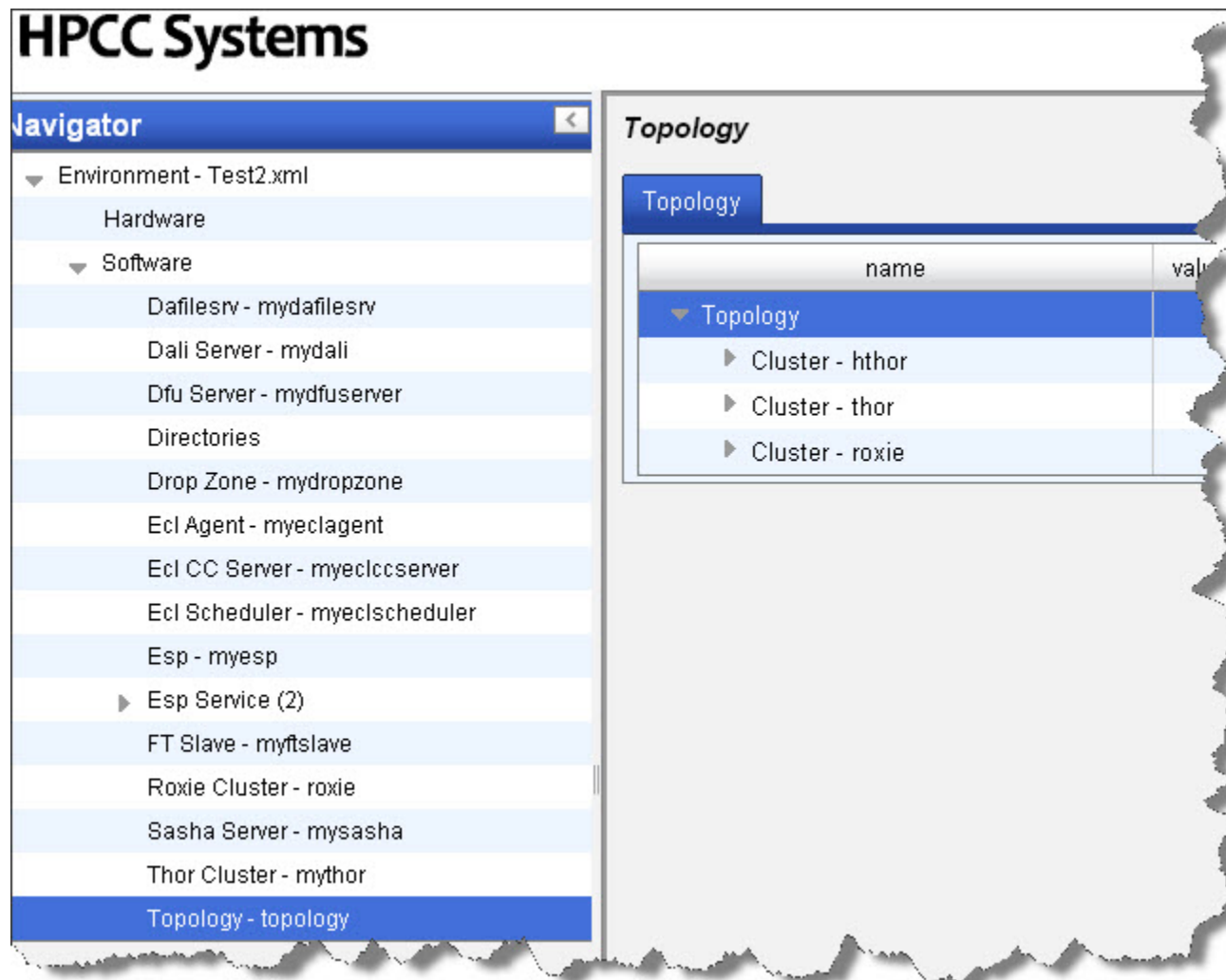
| | |
|--|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Full Redundancy | |
| (Multiple agents host each channel) | |
| Channel Redundancy: | 2 |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Circular Redundancy | |
| (Each computer hosts multiple channels in rotation) | |
| Channel Redundancy: | 2 |
| Offset: | 1 |
| <input type="radio"/> No Redundancy | |
| (One channel per agent) | |
| <input type="radio"/> Overloaded | |
| (Multiple channels per agent) | |
| Channels per host: | 1 |

Ok Cancel

- Click the  disk icon to save
- Close Configuration Manager by pressing ctrl+C in the command window where it is running.

Topology

This section describes the topology tab.



| Attribute name | Definition |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <i>Topology</i> | describes the system topology |
| <i>Cluster - thor</i> | describes the Thor clusters |
| <i>Cluster - hthor</i> | describes the hthor clusters |
| <i>Cluster - roxie</i> | describes the Roxie clusters |

Distribute Configuration Changes to all Nodes

Once your environment is set up as desired, you must copy the configuration file out to the other nodes.

- If it is running, stop the system



Be sure system is stopped before attempting to move the Environment.xml file.

- Back up the original environment.xml file

```
# for example
sudo -u hpcc cp /etc/HPCCSystems/environment.xml /etc/HPCCSystems/environment.bak
```

Note: the "live environment.xml file is located in your **/etc/HPCCSystems/** directory. ConfigManager works on files in **/etc/HPCCSystems/source** directory. You must copy from this location to make an environment.xml file active.

- Copy the NewEnvironment.xml file from the source directory to the /etc/HPCCSystems and rename the file to environment.xml

```
# for example
sudo -u hpcc cp /etc/HPCCSystems/source/NewEnvironment.xml /etc/HPCCSystems/environment.xml
```

- Copy the /etc/HPCCSystems/environment.xml to the /etc/HPCCSystems/ on every node.
- Restart the HPCC system

You might prefer to script this process, especially if you have many nodes. See the Example Scripts section in the Appendix of the Installing_and_RunningtheHPCCPlatform document. You can use the scripts as a model to create your own script to copy the environment.xml file out to all your nodes.