

ECL Playground

Boca Raton Documentation Team



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2026 Version 10.6.0-1

ECL Playground	4
Using the ECL Playground	5

ECL Playground

This manual covers the ECL Playground which is a component found in ECL Watch.

Figure 1. The ECL Playground in ECL Watch

The screenshot displays the ECL Watch ECL Playground interface. The top navigation bar includes the ECL Watch logo, settings, database, and user information. The main area is titled "ECL Playground" and shows a sample of "SORT" code. The code defines a record structure and a dataset, then performs various sorting operations on the dataset. The workflow diagram on the right shows two parallel paths, each starting with an "Inline Dataset" and followed by a "Sort" operation, leading to "Output Result #1" and "Output Result #2". The results table at the bottom shows 5 results with columns for row number, value1, and value2.

```
1 MyRec := RECORD
2   STRING1 Value1;
3   STRING1 Value2;
4 END;
5
6 SomeFile := DATASET([
7   {'C','G'},
8   {'C','C'},
9   {'A','X'},
10  {'B','G'},
11  {'A','B'}], MyRec);
12 SortedRecs1 := SORT(SomeFile, Value1, Value2);
13 SortedRecs2 := SORT(SomeFile, -Value1, Value2);
14 SortedRecs3 := SORT(SomeFile, Value1, -Value2);
15 SortedRecs4 := SORT(SomeFile, -Value1, -Value2);
16 SortedRecs5 := SORT(SomeFile, Value2, Value1);
17 SortedRecs6 := SORT(SomeFile, -Value2, Value1);
18 SortedRecs7 := SORT(SomeFile, Value2, -Value1);
19 SortedRecs8 := SORT(SomeFile, -Value2, -Value1);
20
21 OUTPUT(SortedRecs1);
22 OUTPUT(SortedRecs2);
```

##	value1	value2
1	C	C
2	C	G
3	B	G
4	A	B
5	A	X

Using the ECL Playground

ECL Playground is a tool hosted on an ESP server. A page runs in your browser, allowing you to access and execute self-contained ECL code on your HPCC Systems platform without the use of any other tools. The ECL Playground then shows you the results and the graph in your browser. The view is very similar to what the ECL IDE displays.

Accessing ECL Playground

ECL Playground is installed with the HPCC Systems platform. You can access it through the ECL Watch page.

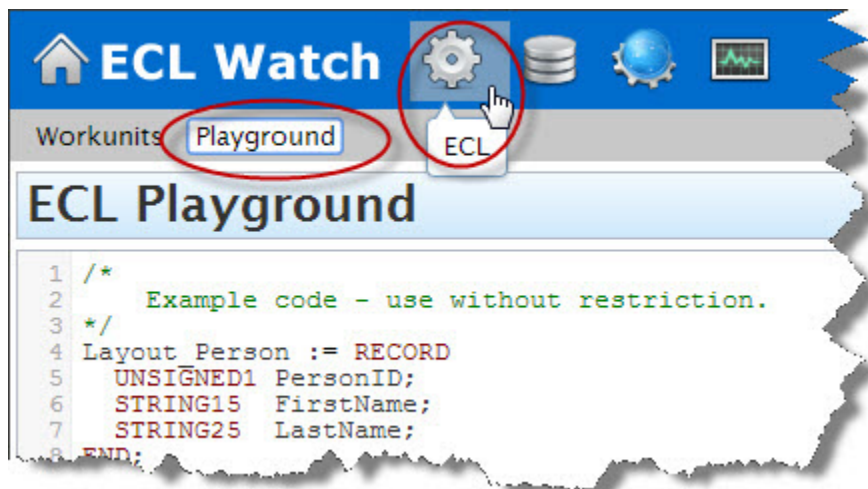
1. In your browser, go to the **ECL Watch** URL. For example, `http://nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn:8010`, where `nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn` is your ESP server node's IP address.



Your IP address could be different from the ones provided in the example images. Please use the IP address of **your** node.

2. From ECL Watch, click on the **ECL** icon, then click the **Playground** link from the navigation sub-menu.

Figure 2. ECL Playground link

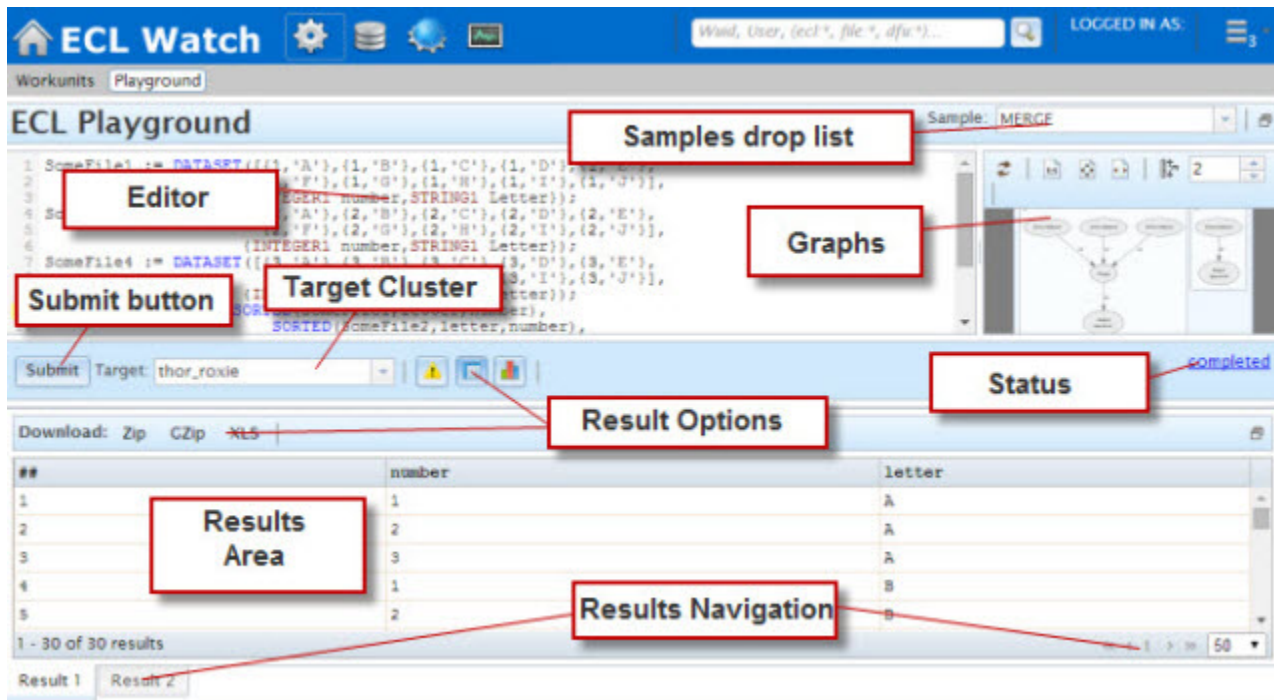


The ECL Playground displays.

Introducing the ECL Playground

The ECL Playground page is a work area where you can see and run self-contained ECL code. You can see the code, submit it, and see the results. You can even change the code and resubmit it to instantly see the new results right in your browser. This is an ideal tool for the user who is not an ECL programming expert who wants to change some of the ECL code and see the results.

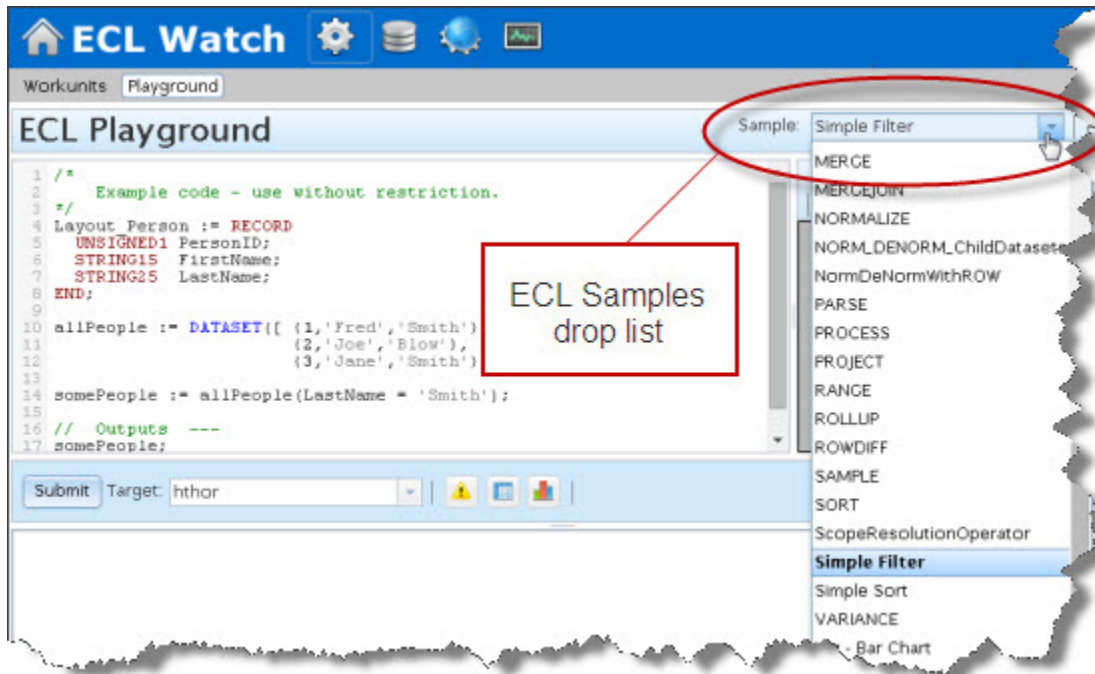
Figure 3. The ECL Playground



The ECL Playground page is divided into areas. The top portion contains the *Editor* area and the *Graph Viewer*. The Sample code drop list is at the top right. The bottom portion of the page displays the results.

The ECL Playground comes with a set of ready to run sample ECL code. The drop list contains code samples. Select any one of these samples and it loads in the editor.

Figure 4. Sample drop list



The selected code displays in the *Editor* area. You can then submit it as-is, or modify and submit. The results display at the bottom portion of the page.

Running ECL Code

To run the selected sample code, choose a target cluster from the drop list, then press the **Submit** button.

A successful run displays the word **completed** as the status and the results display in the results viewer. You can also view the graph in the upper right.

Figure 5. Success

The screenshot shows the ECL Watch Playground interface. At the top, there's a blue header with the ECL Watch logo and navigation icons. Below the header, the 'Workunits' tab is selected, and the 'Playground' sub-tab is active. The 'Sample' dropdown is set to 'JOIN_dupes'. The code editor on the left contains the following ECL code:

```
1 set1 := [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10];
2 set2 := [10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100];
3
4 r1 := {integer1 fred};
5 r2 := {integer1 fred, integer1 sue};
6 ds1 := dataset(set1, r1);
7
8 ds2 := dataset(set2, r1);
9
10 r2 XF(ds1 L, ds2 R) := transform
11   self.fred := L.fred;
12   self.sue := R.fred;
13 end;
```

The graph visualization on the right shows a flow diagram with nodes for 'dataset', 'transform', and 'result'. A red box labeled 'Graph' points to this area. Below the code editor, the 'Submit' button is circled in red, and the 'completed' status is also circled in red. The 'Target' dropdown is set to 'hthor'. Below the graph, there's a 'Download' section with options for 'Zip', 'GZip', and 'XLS'. A table shows the results of the job:

##	fred	sue
1	1	10
2	1	20
3	1	30
4	1	40
5	1	50

The table shows 1 - 50 of 100 results. The 'Result 1' tab is selected at the bottom.

A completed job generates a graph. You can examine the graph in greater detail by double-clicking the graph to zoom in. You can also zoom in with the mouse wheel. A double-click on a blank area of the graph will zoom out. You can use the scroll bars on the border of the graph to navigate or you can drag the graph with your mouse.

Selecting a node in the graph highlights the relevant section of the code in the Editor. This is helpful in troubleshooting or modifying code since it shows you the code that corresponds to a node in the graph.

Figure 6. Error

The screenshot shows the ECL Playground interface. At the top, the title is "ECL Playground" and the sample is "JOIN_dupes". The code editor shows the following ECL code:

```
r2 := {integer1 fred, integer1 sue};  
ds1 := dataset(set1, r1);  
ds2 := dataset(set2, r14);  
r2 XF(ds1 L, ds2 R) := transform  
  self.fred := L.fred;  
  self.sue := R.fred;  
end;  
:= JOIN(ds1, ds2, right.fred % 2 = 0, XF(left  
output(j)
```

The code is highlighted in red, indicating errors. A red box labeled "Error Indicators" points to the red highlighting. The status bar at the bottom right shows "failed". Below the code editor, there is a table of error messages:

Severity	Source	Code	Message	Col	Line	File Name
Error	ecfcc	2167	Unknown identifier "r14"	21	8	stdin:
Error	ecfcc	2167	Unknown identifier "R"	18	10	stdin:
Error	ecfcc	2025	SELF not legal here	3	12	stdin:
Error	ecfcc	2167	Unknown identifier "sue"	8	12	stdin:
Error	ecfcc	3002	syntax error near "end"	1	13	stdin:
Error	ecfcc	3002	syntax error near "ds2" : ...	15	15	stdin:

At the bottom, there are checkboxes for "Error(s)", "Warning(s)", and "Info".

The status area displays the job status. If a job fails, errors display in the result viewer and the code is highlighted in red in the *Editor*. If there are warnings they are displayed in yellow.

Analyze the results

When running ECL Code that has multiple results, each result is on a separate tab. Select a tab to see that set of results. You can also change number of results displayed or page through the results with the links at the bottom.

Figure 7. Multiple results

The screenshot shows the ECL Playground interface. At the top, there's a header with the title "ECL Playground" and a "Sample: ENTH" dropdown. Below the header is a code editor with the following ECL code:

```
1 SomeFile := DATASET([{'A'}, {'B'}, {'C'}, {'D'}, {'E'},  
2 {'F'}, {'G'}, {'H'}, {'I'}, {'J'},  
3 {'K'}, {'L'}, {'M'}, {'N'}, {'O'},  
4 {'P'}, {'Q'}, {'R'}, {'S'}, {'T'},  
5 {'U'}, {'V'}, {'W'}, {'X'}, {'Y'}],  
6 {STRING1 Letter});  
7  
8 Set1 := ENTH(SomeFile, 2, 10, 1);  
9 Set2 := ENTH(SomeFile, 2, 10, 2);  
10 Set3 := ENTH(SomeFile, 2, 10, 3);  
11 Set4 := ENTH(SomeFile, 2, 10, 4);  
12 Set5 := ENTH(SomeFile, 2, 10, 5);  
13
```

Below the code editor is a "Submit" button and a "Target: hthor" dropdown. To the right of the submit button is a "completed" status indicator. Below the submit button is a "Download" section with options for "Zip", "GZip", and "XLS", and a "Filter" dropdown. Below the download section is a table with the following columns: "##" and "letter". The table contains 5 rows of data, with the first row being "1" and "A".

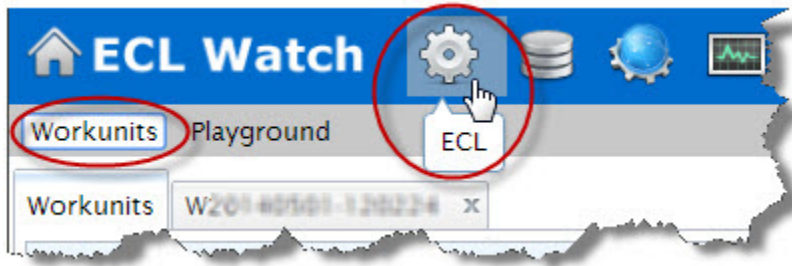
A red box labeled "Results Navigation" points to the pagination controls and the result tabs. The pagination controls include "1 - 5 of 5 results" and a set of buttons: "Result 2", "Result 3", "Result 4", and "Result 5". The "Result 2" button is highlighted. To the right of the result tabs is a pagination control showing "<< < 1 > >> 50".

ECL from a Workunit

You can access ECL code from inside a Workunit Details page in ECL Watch.

1. Select **Workunits** from the ECL Watch ⚙️ menu.

Figure 8. Browse Workunits



2. Click on a workunit hyperlink to open the Workunit Details page.
3. Click on the **ECL** tab to view the workunit's ECL code.

Figure 9. ECL link

