HPCC Systems® Instant Cloud for AWS

Boca Raton Documentation Team
HPCC Systems® Instant Cloud for AWS
Boca Raton Documentation Team
Copyright © 2023 HPCC Systems®. All rights reserved

We welcome your comments and feedback about this document via email to <docfeedback@hpccsystems.com>

Please include Documentation Feedback in the subject line and reference the document name, page numbers, and current Version Number in the text of the message.

LexisNexis and the Knowledge Burst logo are registered trademarks of Reed Elsevier Properties Inc., used under license.

HPCC Systems is a registered trademark of LexisNexis Risk Data Management Inc.

Amazon Web Services, AWS, Amazon EC2, EC2, Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud, Amazon S3, Amazon Simple Storage Service, are trademarks, registered trademarks or trade dress of AWS in the U.S. and/or other countries.

Other products, logos, and services may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.

All names and example data used in this manual are fictitious. Any similarity to actual persons, living or dead, is purely coincidental.

2023 Version 9.4.6-1
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introduction</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prerequisites and Assumptions</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Using Instant Cloud Launch</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Before you begin</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Launch a New HPCC Systems Cluster</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Running ECL</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Running ECL on your HPCC Systems cluster</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More ECL Examples</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECL Example: Anagram1</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anagram2</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Handling</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Using S3 buckets</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Next Steps</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Introduction

This guide provides details and guidance in running an HPCC Systems® Platform inside an Amazon Web Services (AWS) Elastic Cloud (EC2) using the Instant Cloud for AWS page. This allows you to instantiate and run HPCC Systems clusters of different sizes on the fly.

This is useful for:

- Proof-of-concept
- Experimentation
- Learning
- Leveraging the HPCC Systems platform without incurring cost of hardware and administration
- Create and use an HPCC Systems cluster immediately without purchasing and installing new hardware

You can create a small cluster for small tasks or larger clusters for larger jobs. This flexibility allows you to match cost and processing power to the job at hand.

Instantiating temporary EC2 nodes allows you to "rent" computing capacity without long term commitments. In this manner, you pay as you go instead of incurring large fixed costs at the start.

Keep in mind that you should terminate any unneeded instances to avoid paying for computing time you don't need. You are solely responsible for all AWS charges.

Instant Cloud is being updated to provide managed services functionality like Amazon Elastic Map Reduce (EMR). S3 integration, elasticity, backup, and recovery are features under consideration.

We suggest reading this document in its entirety before beginning.
Prerequisites and Assumptions

You will need:

• An Amazon Web Services account with EC2 enabled

• A workstation with Internet access to access the Amazon Web Services, This can be either a:
  • Windows PC or
  • Linux workstation with the ECL IDE or VS Code
  • Mac® workstation with the ECL IDE or VS Code

• A Web browser (Firefox, Internet Explorer, Safari, or Chrome)

Optionally, you could benefit from having:

• An SSH tool, such as PuTTY
• A key generation and conversion tool, like PuTTYGen
• A secure copy tool (such as, WinSCP)
• Familiarity in navigating Linux file systems

For detailed PuTTY/pcsp/PUTTYGen directions from Amazon, see:

Using Instant Cloud Launch

Before you begin

In this section, you will gather some information you need before beginning. This includes:

- Your AWS Access Key ID and Secret Access Key
- The size of the cluster you want.

Find your Amazon Access Key ID and Secret Access Key

1. Go to [aws.amazon.com](http://aws.amazon.com) and login, if needed.
2. Select Account.
4. On the page, look for the section called Access Credentials.
5. Note your Access Key ID and your Secret Access Key.

[Figure 1. Credentials]

Portions of this image are intentionally blurred

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Access Key ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Secret Access Key</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

© 2023 HPCC Systems®. All rights reserved
Login

1. Open a browser and go to https://aws.hpccsystems.com/.

If not logged in, you will see the Login link at the top of the page. If you see a Logout link, you are already logged in.

2. Specify your Access Key ID and Secret Access Key. This information is never stored on our system.

If you don't have it handy, you can click on the link under Can't find your Access Key ID? to go to that section of the AWS Management Console..

Figure 2. Login

3. Check the box to accept the Terms of Use.

4. Press the Login button.

   The View Clusters window displays. This shows any clusters you have started. From here, you can access the link to launch a new cluster.

5. Click on the Launch Cluster link at the top.

   The Launch a New HPCC Systems Cluster window displays.
Launch a New HPCC Systems Cluster

In this section, you will launch a set of Ubuntu machines to use for your HPCC Systems Thor platform. The Instant Cloud page uses the input you specify to create your cluster for you.

When you press the **Launch Cluster** button, it:

- Creates a unique Cluster Name.
- Creates a Security Group with the access to the TCP and UDP ports enabled.
- Creates a Key Pair.
- Launches the number of m1.large nodes requested using the provided AMI (ami-e01698d0).
- Gathers Private and Public IPs.
- Installs HPCC Systems platform packages.
- Configures the requested Thor Cluster, the requested Roxie Cluster, and the required Support nodes.
- Creates the internal user (hpcc).
- Propagates the environment.xml file to all nodes.
- Starts up all components.
Launch a New Thor Cluster

1. Specify the number of Thor nodes and the number of Roxie nodes to instantiate.

   **Figure 3. Launch a New Thor Cluster**

2. Optionally, specify Snapshot ID(s) to attach data to your landing zone.

   This would be a previously saved "snapshot" of a landing zone data store.

3. Press the **Launch Cluster** button.

   The **Cluster Launch Log** window displays. This shows details while it is launching (it auto-refreshes during launch or termination). It also shows your Cluster ID (a unique identifier) which can be useful to identify the cluster when you have more than one running.
4. Wait until the **Cluster Launch Log** says **Status: Ready** to indicate completion of the startup processes.

**Figure 4. Launch Cluster**

![Cluster Launch Log](image-url)
5. Click on the **View Clusters** link to see running clusters.

   This list has links for the ECL Watch page, the Launch Log page, the Configuration file for the cluster, a list of IPs, and the SSH Key.

   It also has a link that allows you to **Terminate** the cluster instantiation.

**Figure 5. View Clusters**
**Terminating your instances**

If you need to save your data, you must despray it first and save it off of your cluster before shutting down. More information about Data Handling in an HPCC Systems platform are available in the *Data Handling* manual. See the Next Steps section for details on downloading other manuals.

To terminate your cluster:

1. Open the **View Clusters** page using the link at the top of a page.

   **Figure 6. Running Clusters**
2. Click on the **Terminate** link next to the cluster you wish to close.

**Figure 7. Terminate Cluster**

3. Press the **Terminate Cluster** button and confirm when prompted.

The **Launch Log** page displays and shows activity while terminating.
4. Wait until the Cluster Launch Log says **Status: Terminated**.

**Figure 8. Terminated Cluster**

5. Optionally, go to the AWS management console to confirm your instances have properly terminated.

*You are solely responsible for all charges to your AWS account.*
Other Tasks

View Clusters

The View Clusters page provides access to each cluster’s Launch Date/Time, Cluster ID, Number of Nodes, Zone, ECL Watch Page, Status, Launch Log, Config File, IP Addresses, and SSH Key.

It also provides a link to terminate a cluster with a single click.

Figure 9. Running Clusters

Manage your SSH keys

The SSH Key management page allows you to download your cluster’s SSH key (.PEM file) to use to authenticate an SSH session, such as a console session using PuTTY. It also provides a means to delete it from the One-Click system.

1. Open the View Clusters page using the View Clusters Link at the top of a page.
2. Click on the **Key** link next to the cluster.

**Figure 11. Key Management**

3. Click on the **pem file** link to download the key.
You should store this file in a safe place.

4. Press the **Delete SSH Key** button to delete the SSH key from the One-Click system.

Note: This does not remove the keys from your running cluster. It only removes it from the Instant Cloud system and prevents further downloads of the key. Once deleted, there is no way to retrieve the key.
Running ECL on your HPCC Systems cluster

After your platform is running, and you can now create and run some ECL\(^1\) code using either ECL IDE, the command line ECL compiler, or the ECLPlus tool.

Install the ECL IDE and HPCC Systems Client Tools

You only need to install the ECL IDE once. If you have already installed it, you can skip this section.

**Note:** The ECL IDE only runs on Windows operating systems.

1. In a Web browser, connect to ECL Watch using `http://<PUBLIC_DNS>:8010` (where PUBLIC_DNS is the public DNS name of your ESP server).

| ! | Your IP address could be different from the ones provided in the example images. Please use the IP address of your node. |

---

\(^1\)Enterprise Control Language (ECL) is a declarative, data centric programming language used to manage all aspects of the massive data joins, sorts, and builds that truly differentiate HPCC Systems (High Performance Computing Cluster) from other technologies in its ability to provide flexible data analysis on a massive scale.
2. From the ECL Watch Advanced menu, select the **Downloads** link.

![Figure 12. ECL Watch Resource Page](image)

Follow the link to the HPCC System's portal download page.

Alternatively, you could use your browser to go directly to [https://hpccsystems.com/download](https://hpccsystems.com/download)

3. Follow the instructions on that page to download the **ECL IDE and Client Tools for Windows**.

4. Install the **ECL IDE and Client Tools for Windows**.

5. Once the ECL IDE is successfully installed, you can proceed.
Running a basic ECL program from the ECL IDE

1. Open the ECL IDE on your Windows workstation, from your start menu. (Start >> All Programs >> HPCCSystems >> ECL IDE).

You can create a shortcut on your desktop to provide quick access to the ECL IDE.

2. On the Login Window, press the Preferences button.

3. In the Server entry control, type the Public IP of your ESP Server of your ESP server) then press the Ok button.

Figure 13. Login Window

4. Enter the Login ID and Password provided in the Login dialog.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Login ID</th>
<th>hpccdemo</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td>hpccdemo</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5. Open a new **Builder Window** (CTRL+N) and write the following code:

```ecl
OUTPUT('Hello World');
```

This could also be written as:

```ecl
'Hello World';
```

In the second program listing, the OUTPUT keyword is omitted. This is possible because the language is declarative and the OUTPUT action is implicit.

6. Select **thor** as your target cluster.

**Thor** is the Data Refinery component of your HPCC Systems. It is a disk based massively parallel computer cluster, optimized for sorting, manipulating, and transforming massive data.
7. Press the syntax check button on the main toolbar (or press F7).

**Figure 16. Syntax Check**

![Syntax Check Image]

A successful syntax check displays the "No Errors" message.
8. Press the **Submit** button (or press ctrl+enter).

**Figure 17. Completed job**

The green check mark indicates successful completion.
9. Click on the workunit number tab and then on the Result 1 tab to see the output.

**Figure 18. Completed job output**
More ECL Examples

This section contains additional ECL examples you can use on your HPCC Systems Thor platform. You can run these on a single-node system or a larger multi-node cluster.

**ECL Example: Anagram1**

This example takes a STRING and produces every possible anagram from it. This code is the basis for a second example which evaluates which of these are actual words using a word list data file.

1. Open the ECL IDE (Start >> All Programs >> HPCC Systems >> ECL IDE) and login to your HPCC Systems.

2. Open a new Builder Window (CTRL+N) and write the following code:

```ecl
STRING Word := 'FRED' :STORED('Word');
R := RECORD
    STRING SoFar {MAXLENGTH(200)};
    STRING Rest {MAXLENGTH(200)};
END;
Init := DATASET([{'',Word}],R);
R Pluck1(DATASET(R) infile) := FUNCTION
    R TakeOne(R le, UNSIGNED1 c) := TRANSFORM
        SELF.SoFar := le.SoFar + le.Rest[c];
        SELF.Rest := le.Rest[..c-1]+le.Rest[c+1..];
    // Boundary Conditions handled automatically
    END;
RETURN NORMALIZE(infile,LENGTH(LEFT.Rest),TakeOne(LEFT,COUNTER));
END;
L := LOOP(Init,LENGTH(TRIM(Word)),Pluck1(ROWS(LEFT)));
OUTPUT(L);
```

3. Select thor as your target cluster.

4. Press the syntax check button on the main toolbar (or press F7)
5. Press the **Submit** button (or press `ctrl+enter`).

**Figure 19. Completed job**

The green check mark indicates successful completion.
6. Click on the workunit number tab and then on the Result 1 tab to see the output.

**Figure 20. Completed job output**
Anagram2

In this example, we will download an open source data file of dictionary words, spray that file to our Thor cluster, then validate our anagrams against that file so that we determine which are valid words. The validation step uses a JOIN of the anagram list to the dictionary file. Using an index and a keyed join would be more efficient, but this serves as a simple example.

Download the word list

We will download the word list from http://wordlist.sourceforge.net/ Look for a link to the 2of12.txt file on that page.

1. Download the Official 12 Dicts Package. The files are available in tar.gz or ZIP format.
2. Extract the 2of12.txt file to a folder on your local machine.

Load the Dictionary File to your Landing Zone

In this step, you will copy the data files to a location from which it can be sprayed to your HPCC Systems Thor cluster. A Landing Zone is a storage location attached to your HPCC Systems. It has a utility running to facilitate file spraying to a cluster.

For smaller data files, maximum of 2GB, you can use the upload/download file utility in ECL Watch. This data file is only ~400 kb.

Next you will distribute (or Spray) the dataset to all the nodes in the HPCC Systems Thor cluster. The power of the HPCC Systems comes from its ability to assign multiple processors to work on different portions of the data file in parallel. Even if your deployment only has a single node, the data must be sprayed to the cluster.

1. In a Web browser, connect to ECL Watch using http://<PUBLIC_DNS>:8010 (where PUBLIC_DNS is the public DNS name of your ESP server).

Your IP address could be different from the ones provided in the example images. Please use the IP address provided by your installation.

1A spray or import is the relocation of a data file from one location (such as a Landing Zone) to a Data Refinery cluster. The term spray was adopted due to the nature of the file movement -- the file is partitioned across all nodes within a cluster.
2. From ECL Watch click on the **Files** icon, then click the **Landing Zones** link from the navigation sub-menu.

   Press the **Upload** action button.

   **Figure 21. Upload**

   ![Figure 21. Upload](image)

   3. A dialog opens. **Browse** to and select the file to upload and then press the **Open** button.

   The file you selected should appear in the **File Name** field. The data file is named: **2of12.txt**.

   4. Press the **Start** button to complete the file upload.
Spray the Data File to your *Thor Cluster*

To use the data file in our HPCC Systems Thor system, we must "spray" it to all the nodes. A spray or import is the relocation of a data file from one location (such as a Landing Zone) to multiple file parts on nodes in a cluster.

The distributed or sprayed file is given a *logical-file-name* as follows: `~thor::word_list_csv` The system maintains a list of logical files and the corresponding physical file locations of the file parts.

1. In a Web browser, connect to ECL Watch using http://<PUBLIC_DNS>:8010 (where PUBLIC_DNS is the public DNS name of your ESP server).

2. Click on the **Files** icon, then click the **Landing Zones** link from the navigation sub-menu. Select the appropriate landing zone (if there are more than one landing zones). Click the arrow to the left of your landing zone to expand it.

3. Select the file from your drop zone by checking the box next to it.
4. Check the box next to 2of12.txt, then press the **Delimited** button.

**Figure 22. Spray Delimited**

The **DFU Spray Delimited** page displays.

5. Select mythor in the Target Group drop list.

6. Complete the Target Scope as `thor`.
7. Fill in the rest of the parameters (if they are not filled in already).
   • Max Record Length 8192
   • Separator \,
   • Line Terminator \n,\n
   • Quote: ’

8. Fill in the Target Name using the rest of the Logical File name desired: word_list_csv

9. Make sure the Overwrite box is checked.

   If available, make sure the Replicate box is checked. (The Replicate option is only available on systems where replication has been enabled.)

10. Press the Spray button.

   A tab displays the DFU Workunit where you can see the progress of the spray.
Run the ECL program on Thor

1. Open a new Builder Window (CTRL+N) and write the following code:

```ecl
IMPORT Std;

layout_word_list := record
  string word;
end;

File_Word_List := dataset('-thor::word_list_csv', layout_word_list,
  CSV(heading(1),separator(','),quote('')));

STRING Word := 'teacher' :STORED('Word');

STRING SortString(STRING input) := FUNCTION
  OneChar := RECORD
    STRING c;
  END;
  OneChar MakeSingle(OneChar L, unsigned pos) := TRANSFORM
    SELF.c := L.c[pos];
  END;
  Split := NORMALIZE(DATASET([input],OneChar), LENGTH(input),
    MakeSingle(LEFT,COUNTER));
  SortedSplit := SORT(Split, c);
  OneChar Recombine(OneChar L, OneChar R) := TRANSFORM
    SELF.c := L.c+R.c;
  END;
  Recombined := ROLLUP(SortedSplit, Recombine(LEFT, RIGHT),ALL);
  RETURN Recombined[1].c;
END;

STRING CleanedWord := SortString(TRIM(Std.Str.ToUpperCase(Word)));

R := RECORD
  STRING SoFar {MAXLENGTH(200)};
  STRING Rest {MAXLENGTH(200)};
END;

Init := DATASET([{'',CleanedWord}],R);

R Pluck1(DATASET(R) infile) := FUNCTION
  R TakeOne(R le, UNSIGNED1 c) := TRANSFORM
    SELF.SoFar := le.SoFar + le.Rest[c];
    SELF.Rest := le.Rest[..c-1]+le.Rest[c+1..];
    // Boundary Conditions
    // handled automatically
  END;
  RETURN DEDUP(NORMALIZE(infile,LENGTH(LEFT.Rest),TakeOne(LEFT,COUNTER)));
END;

L := LOOP(Init,LENGTH(CleanedWord),Pluck1(ROWS(LEFT)));

ValidWords := JOIN(L,File_Word_List,
  LEFT.SoFar=Std.Str.ToUpperCase(RIGHT.Word),TRANSFORM(LEFT));

OUTPUT(CleanedWord);
COUNT(ValidWords);
OUTPUT(ValidWords)
```

2. Select thor as your target cluster.

3. Press the syntax check button on the main toolbar (or press F7)

4. Press the Submit button.

5. When it completes, select the Workunit tab, then select the Result tab.

6. Examine the result.
This section explains data handling in an AWS configuration. More information about Data Handling in an HPCC Systems platform are available in the Data Handling manual.

**Using S3 buckets**

S3 buckets provide a means of persistent storage inside Amazon Web Services. You must configure your AWS account to have an active Access Key pair enable and create S3 buckets. Once you have created and activated your access key pair and created a unique S3 bucket, you will use these for all future instantiations.

**Find your Amazon Access Key ID and Secret Access Key**

1. Go to [aws.amazon.com](http://aws.amazon.com) and login, if needed.
2. Select **Account**.
3. Select **Security Credentials**.
4. On the page, look for the section called **Access Credentials**.
5. Note your **Access Key ID** and your **Secret Access Key**.

**Figure 23. Credentials**

Portions of this image are intentionally blurred
Install and Configure S3 packages on your Landing Zone node

To move files to or from S3 storage, the S3 packages must be installed and configured on your Landing Zone node.

1. Open a console window and connect to the Landing Zone (LZ) node
2. Run these commands:
   
   ```
   sudo apt-get install s3cmd
   s3cmd --configure
   ```
3. Enter your **Access Key**
4. Enter your **Secret Access Key**
5. Leave encrypt password blank
6. Leave path to GPG program blank
7. Answer the question Use HTTPS?
   - Enter no to improve performance
   - Enter yes if you are concerned about data privacy
8. Leave proxy server blank
9. Enter **Yes** to Test Access
10. Enter **Yes** to Save Settings

Creating and Using S3 Buckets

To store data on S3, you must create a bucket that is unique to the whole s3 system. Once created, this bucket persists even when you close instances of servers.

You can despray a file from Thor to your landing zone, then copy to an S3 bucket to for persistent storage. Later, you can copy files from the S3 bucket to a landing zone and spray the file to a Thor cluster. More information about Data Handling in an HPCC Systems platform are available in the *Data Handling* manual.

Create a bucket

```
s3cmd mb s3://your-unique-bucket-name
```

List Buckets

```
s3cmd ls
```

Upload a file to a bucket

```
s3cmd put myfile.csv s3://your-unique-bucket-name
```
Retrieve a file from a bucket

```
s3cmd get s3://your-unique-bucket-name/myfile.csv myfile.csv
```

See [http://s3tools.org/s3cmd](http://s3tools.org/s3cmd) for more information on how to use s3cmd
Next Steps

To familiarize yourself with what your system can do, we recommend following the steps in:

- The **HPCC Systems Data Tutorial**
- **The Six Degrees of Kevin Bacon** example
- Read **Using Config Manager** to learn how to configure an HPCC Systems platform using Advanced View.
- Use your new skills to process your own massive dataset!

The HPCC Systems Portal (HPCCSystems.com) is also a valuable resource for more information including:

- Video Tutorials
- Additional examples
- White Papers
- Documentation
- User Forums